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THE OBSERVER

THURSDAY.....JUNE 1, 1893.

NEWS AND COMMENTS.

The National Commissioners decided to open the World's Fair on Sunday by a vote of 30 to 27.

Mrs. Marie Nevins Blaine, the divorced wife of James G. Blaine, Jr., is to be married some time this month to her physician, Dr. Wm T. Bull, of New York.

A mortgage for $30,000,000, given by the Chicago Great Western Railway Company to the Manhattan Trust Company, of New York city, has been placed on record in the Circuit clerk's office in Stephenson county, Illinois.

The new Poet Laureate of England will be Lewis Morris. The Queen and Premier are agreed that he should be the man. He has been commissioned to write the marriage ode of the Duke of York and Princess May, and that settles the question.

If the American Humane Society wishes to win new laurels, says the N. Y. World, it should take prompt legal steps to prevent the 300 cowboys from riding a race from Chadron, Neb, to the World's Fair, a distance of 700 miles. They propose to cover this distance on two ponies, the winner of the first prize to receive $1,500 and the second $500. Of course the poor horses will be crippled or killed in the trial.

The rice crop of the United States is now practically in sight and the following estimates are given out: Louisiana will fractionally exceed 7,500,000 bushels; Carolina, inclusive of the Carolinas and Georgia, 2,000,000 bushels; scattering in other States, 250,000 bushels; total, 9,750,000,000 bushels, a rough equal, say to 255,000,000 pounds of cleaned or edible rice, of which 130,000 pounds have been marketed. The crop is 60 per cent greater than any previous one, and over two and a half times an average rice crop before the war.

For more than sixty years the late Dowager Marchioness of Allesbury had been one of the most conspicuous figures in the aristocratic society of London. She was the first to catch the eye in a drawing-room, not alone because she was tall and distinguished in appearance, but especially because of her expansive coiffure of blond hair. She was a woman of indomitable energy, and even in her late years when she had become an octogenarian her activity of body and mind was remarkable. She believed, and the length of her life proved the truth of her belief, that activity is the best possible prophylactic against the approach of death. Perhaps no other English woman of the century devoted so much time and attention to the exciting duties of society.

John D. Rockefeller has given $150,000 more to the University of Chicago. The University, says the Wilmington Review, was founded by the Baptists in 1857, but it never prospered until 1886, when John D. Rockefeller said he would give $600,000 toward resuscitating it, provided the city of Chicago would raise $400,000. This proposition was accepted. January 1, 1890, Mr. Rockefeller gave $600,000 as agreed. Chicago's pride was aroused and many citizens made large offerings. In September of the same year Mr. Rockefeller added $1,000,000 to his previous gift; in Feb'y, 1892, he gave another million, and on Christmas day of last year still another million dollars. The total sum of money now given by the oil magnate amounts to $3,750,000.

At 100 detectives, says the Columbian State, or smellers-out of liquor per county, the Administration would require an army of 3,500 for the State. If fifty will cost $25,000 a year, as Governor Tillman opines, this army would cost $1,750,000 annually. Deduct the Governor's anticipated profit of $500,000 a year from this sum and you leave the State in debt $1,250,000 a year. Say, however, that the Governor could enforce the law with only 1,000 detectives—about twenty-eight to a county—the cost would still be $500,000, or the sum of the anticipated profits. When a sovereign State undertakes to sell at $3 a gallon corn whiskey which can be profitably sold at about $1.50, and has two strongholds of moonshine liquor like North Carolina and Georgia flanking her, she flies in the face of that Providence which created corn, mountaineers and solitude.

The Washington correspondent of the Statesville Landmark says: Lieut. Henry Lemly, United States Army, and his brother, Lieut. Sam Lemly, United States Navy, are two very popular North Carolina officers who have lived here for years. They are from Salem. Some years ago Lieut. Henry Lemly took charge of the military academy at Bogota. An act of Congress was passed allowing him to do this and still draw his pay as an army officer. He succeeded so well in Bogota that he was sent back here to represent the United States of Columbia at the Chicago exposition. Secretary Lamont has revoked all the nice leaves of absence enjoyed by uncle Sam's officers and ordered them to their posts. The Columbian government offers Lieut. Lemly a salary of $7,500 and the rank of major general if he will resign from the United States Army and cast his lot with them. His place in our army is for life on good behavior and pays about $2,500. He is considering what he will do. I assume he will take the $7.500 and be a major general if he has to command an army of cut throats and South American brigands.

The cable cars on Broadway, New York, from the park to the battery have been set in operation, and will run regularly hereafter. It is proposed, says the Charlotte Observer, that the speed above Thirty-fifth street shall be eight miles an hour and below that six miles an hour, but that ultimately the time up and down town by the cable cars shall be quick as by the elevated railroads. And thus we see how times change. Less than ten years ago the New York board of aldermen gave Jacob Sharp the franchise for a line of horse cars on Broadway on which only omnibuses had been operated theretofore for public transportation purposes. There was a furious howl that Broadway should be disfigured by car tracks and traffic impeded by street cars. Now the street cars do not afford fast enough transportation facilities, nor enough of them and cable cars come in to supplement them. The horse cars will not be abolished at once but they will doubtless go by degrees. But think of cable cars on Broadway and remember that ten years ago there was almost a riot when horse cars were introduced on it. Sentiment cannot hold out long against business considerations.

SINCE OUR LAST ISSUE.

Latest News from all Parts of the World, Prepared Especially for the Readers of "The Observer."

Representatives Branch, Bower and Grady have returned to Washington. Our Congressmen in Washington are kept quite busy. ——The Tarboro postmastership will not be settled for some time, it is said. ——The standing committee of the diocese of South Carolina has given consent for the consecration of Bishop elect Lawrence, of Massachusetts, and Assistant Bishop-elect Gailor, of Tennessee. ——The Southern Presbyterian Assembly upheld the Presbytery of Ouachita in its appeal against the Kansas Synod. The assembly approves and encourages church societies by young people. The report on church sessions says they must absolutely enforce the injunction of Scripture forbidding women to speak in churches The Committee on Bills and Overtures made a report on a request for a deliverance on the question of excommunication for dancing. The report says the Scriptures condemn lascivious dancing. Reports were also made on home and foreign missions. ——The 4-year-old daughter of C. H. Wall, of Schley county, Georgia has been criminally assaulted by a 16-year-old negro named Harris, who has been captured and is in jail. Wall is willing for the law to take its course. ——Bill Luttrell was shot and killed last week by ex-United States Deputy Marshal Hiram Easterwood at Oakland, I. T., fifty miles north of Gainesville, Tex. Luttrell was a brother of Charles Luttrell, recently hanged at Sherman for the murder of W. S. Sherman, at Denison, and the killing grew out of the Sherman murder, for complicity in which Bill was arrested by Easterwood and afterwards acquitted. Deputy Easterwood said in Denison that Luttrell confessed to a friend that he led a fight against Deputy United States Marshal in Indian Territory some time ago; that he killed Deputy Kane and that he led the gang which robbed the train at Prior Creek. ——The crevasse at Lake Providence, La., has widened to 1,000 feet and is growing wider. ——Dallas, Texas, on Wednesday celebrated the opening of Trinity river to navigation from that city to the sea. ——On leaving Washington Princess Eulalie was drawn to the depot in the President's carriage, escorted by four troops of Federal cavalry. ——Judge Lacombe, of the Federal court in New York, decides that the Chinese Exclusion act is ineffectual because no provision is made as to how or by whom the law is to be enforced. ——Michigan was visited Thursday by a violent snow storm. ——The meeting of the stockholders of the Richmond Terminal company at Richmond was adjourned to June 23rd. ——John H. Inman and his associates purchased 13,000 shares of the stock of the Tennessee Coal and Iron company. ——The World's Fair receipts now amount to about $16,000 daily, which is $5,000 more than the daily expenses. ——J. Albert Mills, agent of the Victoria mills at Newburyport, Mass., has been arrested on the charge of embezzlement. ——A serious shooting affray occurred in Hamburg, S. C., between Joseph and John Pettijohn on one side and Tom Butler on the other. All three were wounded. ——The Secretary of War was notified that a number of people were made homeless by the breaking of the Mississippi levee at Lake Providence and are asking for tents. ——Dun & Co.'s weekly report says that better weather throughout the country has stimulated retail trade and the large distribution of goods has made the jobbing trade more active; that monetary anxieties have abated at many points, yet the actual conditions do not seem to have materially changed; that the large demand for rediscounts and advances by Southern and Western banks, though considerably abated, has been larger than Eastern banks could wholly meet; that there is prospect of continued outgo of gold for some time to come; that the speculative markets show little activity; that business at the South is quiet and collections slow; that for three weeks in May imports increased $6,000,000 over same time last year, but exports have also somewhat increased. ——In the Southern Assembly delegates were appointed to attend the Chicago conference and to co-operate in forming a federal union between the Reformed Churches adhering to Presbyterian doctrine. An extra assessment of 25 per cent. was levied on Presbyteries for meeting expenses of French and Swiss delegates to the Assembly. A resolution was offered proposing a petition to Congress to repeal the Chinese Exclusion law. A resolution was offered and telegraphed the President tendering thanks to his administration for its action as to opening the World's Fair on Sundays. The resignation of M. H. Houston, secretary of the Committee on Foreign Missions was accepted and Rev. Henry M. Woods of Virginia was chosen to fill the vacancy. ——The State society for preservation of relics met Friday and appointed a central executive committee. The society will have collectors in every county in the State. ——There is more delay than was expected in changing the Charlotte postmastership. ——Hon. W. H. Kitchin has a $6.00 a day place as inspector of customs. He is promised a $3,000 position at the end of three months. George McCorkle, of Newton, gets a $2,000 law clerkship in the land office. ——Capt. L. R. Exling of Chatham has secured a place and Mr. Willie Mews of Rocky Mount is pretty certain of a place in the Navy Department. ——The remains of a son and a grandson of Jefferson Davis, buried at Memphis were exhumed Friday and sent to Richmond. The remains of the other son, who died of yellow fever, will not be taken up until winter. ——Ex-Secretary Foster and the Foster Banking company of Fostoria, Ohio, have failed. ——A terrific cyclone struck Loddenia, Mo., Thursday, killing and wounding several and destroying a number of houses. ——Another Australian concern goes under. ——The Michigan Woman's Sufferage bill only awaits the Governor's signature to become a law. ——The World's Fair was opened Sunday. ——Two Kentucky Legislators in the heat of debate called each other liar, scoundrel, etc., and almost came to blows. ——Ex-Secretary Chas. Foster places his liabilities at $600,000 and assets at about the same. At the same time the bank of Foster & Co. and the wholesale grocery store of Davis & Foster were closed on attachments. ——The War Department has decided to extend at once all possible aid to the suffers by the floods in Louisiana. ——The foreign exhibitors at the World's Fair have withdrawn from the contest and will contest among themselves for prizes. ——Ex-Secretary Foster's liabilities will probably reach $1,000,000. ——The Chicago District Attorney has decided to enjoin the World's Fair authorities opening on Sunday.

Race Antagnonism and Prejudices.

Wilmington Messenger.]

There is a deeper race prejudice in Yankeeland to-day than in Southland. The dislike of the Mongolian and the African is far deeper and more pronounced in that part of the world where Negrophilisms is most dangerous than in the land of the sun where the whites fully understand the negro character and only wish him well. Not long ago the papers North gave an account of the very deplorable condition of the negroes in the great city of Philadelphia—the city of Republicanism and Protection—and it was emphatically stated that the negroes were positively excluded from all trades. That is precisely what the Messenger has been saying ever since we became its editor four years ago yesterday—24th May. We cut out the account—doleful and depressing—that appeared in the Telegraph, the most reputable and fair of the Republican papers of that city, but have mislaid its statements. Other accounts agreed with that of the Telegraph. Judge Gordon, of one of the City Courts, was on the same precise line. Their statements represented the condition of the negro in that city of wealth and civilization to be far worse than it is in any part of the South, and was bad enough to make lynching or suicide a blessing and a relief instead of a crime to the negro. The amount of it was that the negroes are huddled in small localities and tenement houses where nothing but filth and disease prevail, and are denied access to all mechanical trades or occupations by the "cast iron rules" adopted by the labor unions to receive none but "white applications" for anything. The Philadelphia Press, also a Republican paper, confesses this state of things among the negroes and attributes it to the "relentless prejudice of the whites." This prejudice, says the Press, "practically excludes the negro from work on railroads outside of the semi-domestic service of a Pullman car. It keeps them from employment on horse car lines. It shuts them out of machine shops and most, if not all, factories. It closes the door of most shops to the negro clerk, man or woman."

This is very bad, but we have known much of it through the years and have now and then turned on the light. But do not think for a moment that race antagonism and prejudice are confined to the "City of Brotherly Love." You will find it everywhere. The New York Evening Post says that the situation in Philadelphia "does not differ materially from that in other large Northern cities. In New York, Brooklyn, Boston and Chicago the same tendencies are visible. Nobody can travel in this part of the country without being struck by the steady disappearance of the negro from those employments where he was formerly most in evidence, notably as barbers, waiters and coachmen. It has now become the exception to find black men behind the tables in the dining room of a large hotel, whereas a quarter of a century ago they almost monopolized this kind of service. Politics obviously has nothing to do with the matter, for the condition of the negro is not quite so bad in either New York or Brooklyn, strongly Democratic cities, as in Philadelphia, which is the great Republican city of the North. Moreover, the black man fares much better in Democratic cities at the South than at Philadelphia." This is true. There is not a Southern town or city where you will not find negroes working side by side with the whites, and find them in private homes as butlers, carriage drivers, as waiters, and in all the hotels Sambo and Jim and Josh are important characters.

The Wilmington (Delaware) newspapers say the situation is as bad there as in Philadelphia—that the negroes are in a very bad condition. The Morning News, Rep., says that only a small proportion of the blacks are prospering, and the "tendency of the race here, as elsewhere, is in the direction of idleness, shiftlessness, and immorality." But it denies race prejudices. Why are there no merchanics then employed with white labor? The news says that while the negroes need help and encouragement, "they must first be taught to understand that it is necessary to help themselves before others will help them."

It will not be denied that the negroes are far too much inclined, even in the South, their true habitation this Continent, to idleness and holidays, to frolic and a good time and are for the most part thriftless and improvident. But they are capable of much work, and it would push the best stevedores in the North to do the work that negroes on the Mississippi river (see Ralph's recent articles in Harper's Magazine) and in Southern seaports. The race question will not down. But we very sincerely believe that the best place for the negroes is in the South, and the surest and truest friends of Sambo and Pomp are the former slave owners, and their descendants. They only wish them well. We copy this from the Evening Post:

"Undoubtedly the blacks have suffered terribly from being so long educated to believe that they were 'the wards of the nation,' and that the public was bound to look out for them. They must wake up to a realization of the fact that a man has no more claim on the consideration of Americans because his ancestors used to be savages in Africa than if they had been peasants in Europe. The negro must hoe his own row at least as well as the white man, or a white man will be given the job. Whether he can do this or not, is the real negro problem."

The San Francisco Chronicle represents the condition of the negroes about as it is in the East. It mentions the fact that over one-third of the total crime is committed by only 13.5 per cent. of the black population. It thinks the freeing of the negroes a mistake. The Philadelphia Telegraph says of this view of the Chronicle:

"During their period of slavery the colored people were fed, housed and clothed by their masters, and consequently they did not have the excuse that they must steal to live. Again, the execution of the laws against colored criminals in the South was swift, certain and terrible. They were in their nature repressive, deterrent, laws, and there were few who had the temerity to offend against them. The laws of to-day against criminals, white or black, are not swift, not at all certain, and not terrible. The uncertainty of conviction and punishment is an open door to crime, but the chronic poverty of colored people is a wider one."

The best intelligence in the North is fast coming over to the wisest and most humane views that have obtained in the South for more than a quarter of a century.

Brave Capt. Molly Pitcher.

Boston Globe.]

Molly Pitcher, one of the most famous and picturesque characters in the history of America, is buried in a forgotten grave below Cranston's, up in the beautiful valley of the Hudson. There are very few people in the neighborhood itself who are aware of this fact, however, to say nothing of the average outsider.

Among all the principal personages of the revolutionary war Molly Pitcher was one of the most interesting, and at the same time one of the least written about. She served on the field of battle during all those trying days, was made a full-fledged sergeant by Gen. Washington himself for bravery displayed, was afterward made a captain by brevet, and on the recommendation of the father of our country her name was placed on the half-pay list of the army for life.

The part this woman played at the capture of Fort Montgomery and Fort Clinton and her valorous work at the battle of Monmouth have been recorded upon the history's pages. But her life previous to the capture of the forts and after the battle of Monmouth is surrounded by more or less fog.

I have searched the archives of the library at West Point for her record, and have been partly successful. As nearly as I could learn she died in 1789, as at that date her name ceases to appear on the commissary's books. She was buried on land belonging to Capt. David Faurot. It is now part of J. Pierpont Morgan's summer estate. The grave, which is marked by a rude headstone, is hidden by a clump of talls cedars down near the river bank.

There can be no question that this is Capt. Molly's grave, as I found several old residents of the Hudson highlands who have often had the spot pointed out to them by their parents, who knew Capt. Molly personally and saw her remains planted there.

Story of the Recent Remarkable Run on the N. Y. Central.

The story of the run of a mile in 32 seconds, made recently by engine No. 999 on the New York Central Railroad, which is to be exhibited at the World's Fair, is thus told by a dispatch of the 11th from Buffalo:

The test of speed was to come between Rochester and this city. Soon after leaving Rochester Hogan slowed her down a little, for he intended to make up the time at the western end of the stretch. Passing Batavia the train was rushing along at an easy gait of a mile a minute. Then Hogan let her out. The speed increased as the engine flew along, and just before reaching Crittendon the record of Tuesday of a mile in 35 seconds was equalled. But this was exceeded just this side of that station, when the new world's record of a mile in 32 seconds was made. This is equivalent to 112½ miles an hour. A speed nearly as great was kept up until Forks Station was reached, and then Hogan slowed her down and allowed her to enter Buffalo at her customary speed, arriving on time.

The passengers on board said that the train flew along with the same steadiness that would have accompanied a slower rate of speed. There was no unusual swaying or jolting, and only persons who were looking out for manifestations of extraordinary speed would have noticed that the clickety click of the rails sounded like the roar of musketry and the telegraph poles along the track seemed like pickets in a fense.

No. 999 is 1,300 horse power, and has four driving wheels 7 feet 2 inches in diameter. It is thought it will attain a still greater speed after a little use.

The Decline of the Comedie Francaise.

London Saturday Review.]

But when we review the Comedie in its present state as a whole and compare it with what it was 10 years ago, we exclaim with infinite regret, "What a falling off is here!" The players can rise to a great effort now and then, but the general acting is at a lower level than it used to be, and the ancient repertoire is now rarely played. In fact, we understand that it is not improbable that the continuance of the subvention may be attacked. In the former days when M. Perrin was director, we said over and over again that his policy was radically bad and would in disaster. Our words have come true. The old actors—Mlle. Sarah Bernhardt, Mlle. Croizette. M. Bressant, M. Delaunay, M. Coquelin—are all gone, and we have nowadays to content ourselves with the younger generation.

Tout peut secretablir, as Napoleon III said after Wissembourg. But it will take a long time to train up these beginners into something worthy of the reputation of the house, and it must be remembered that they have now no greater artists, familiar with the old traditions, to copy. The result is that many excellent works can no longer be given at all, or if attempted are shadows of their former selves. In fact, the Comedie Francaise is no longer the model of stage presentment, the school of acting that it once was.

Telephones in Battle.

New York Tribune.

General Greely, Chief Signal Officer of the Army, has again demonstrated the truth of the old saying that "necessity is the mother of invention." Battles of the future, while terrible in effect, will be brief in duration, and the necessity of knowing at any time what is required at the front will be even greater than in the past. Important also is the knowedge of the enemy's movements before and after battle. Outposts and guards are established to prevent surprises, and to hold in check the advance of an enemy until the main body can be aroused and prepared for the battle. Outposts are important essentials to and army, and rapid, secret communication between them and headquarters must be maintained. General Greely proposes to establish, by simple, practical means, all such necessary communication between brigades and divisions, divisions and corps, and outposts with the main guard, by the medium of an "outpost cart," and its electric appurtenances.

The outpost cart which General Greely proposes to adopt for the Army, is the invention of Captain Charles E. Kilbourne, of the Signal Corps. The cart consists of a frame of bicycle-steel tubing, one inch in diameter, mounted upon thirty two inch bicycle wheels, with heavy cushion tires. The cart is arranged to carry five reels of cable, and one knapsack containing an additional reel, for use in places where the cart cannot be taken. The extreme width of the cart is only twenty-six inches, and it can follow any ordinary path. Its weight, complete with spoiling device, but without the reels, is only fifty-five pounds; when loaded with the reels wound with wire, the cart weighs 159 pounds. The cart is well balanced, and is attached to the axle by a device which permits the point of support to be changed as the distribution of the weight is modified as the cable runs out. Each reel carries about one-third of a mile of double conductor cable. The ends of this cable have double connectors, by means of which they can be joined, so as to extend the line. In each reel the double connectors nearest the axle is connected by means of insulated wires, the inner conductor to one end of the reel axle, and the outside conductor to the other axle end—the axle ends being insulated from each other. At the rear end of the cart is a reeling apparatus, having an automatic spooling attachment. To be unwound, or wound up, the reel is place in brackets connected with the reeling device. The end of the axle of this reel, which is connected with the inner conductor cable, is placed in brackets on the left of the cart. The socket of this bracket is insulated from the rest of the bracket, and therefore from the frame of the cart. On this bracket is found a double connector, the insulated screw of which is connected by an insulated wire to the insulated socket and therefore with the inner conductor cable. The outer part of the double connector is attached to the frame of the cart, and through this with the bracket on the right of the cart. The number of reels to be carried by a cart is not necessarily limited to five. Any reasonable additional number can be carried in an emergency, or empty reels can be detached from the cart and new ones placed upon it, the ends of the cables being readily connected. There is practically no limit, therefore, to the length of cables which may be thus employed.

In connection with the cart two telephone kits are used, and by attaching the double connection of each kit to one on the frame of the cart the telephone is kept in circuit and conversation can be maintained. The kit is a leather case, carried by means of shoulder straps, and contains the battery, induction coil and the combined long distance transmitter and receiving attachments. The connection between the telephone kit and the cart may be kept up while reeling out the cable and communication with the home station made continuous, so that orders to the men with the cart can be sent at all time, and they can make reports at any moment to the officer in charge of the home station. The cart, with its load, can be readily drawn by one man over ordinary roads. Shafts can be attacked to the cart and horse power used when necessary. The wire can be paid out as fast as the cart can be moved. By means of the reeling apparatus the cable can be recovered at the rate of about four miles an hour, or faster if a horse is employed. The cart can also be used as a field litter and upon it a wounded man can be comfortably and quickly transported to the rear. In view of the great distance wounded men must now be carried to be out of danger, and secure proper medical treatment, this means of saving time, and employed as carriers, is of great importance.

A device somewhat similar to that invented by Captain Kilbourne was used with great success under varying conditions of service by the English forces in the recent campaign in Egypt. At this time Sir Garnet Wolseley and his staff were in constant and reliable communication with all outposts, as well as the firing line, during engagements. At the battle of Thl-elkebir field telephones were of particular advantage in keeping the commanding General constantly informed as to the turn of affairs at the front.

Why Bill is Pious.

Brooklyn Standard-Union.

Buffalo Bill has become a pronounced Sabbatarian. The closing of the gates of the World's Fair at Chicago sends about 20,000 people to Col. Cody's modest and pious entertainment on Sunday.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

The Colonial Records.

The Act of the legislature for the publication of the Colonial Records provided for their publication down to the year 1781. The act though wisely conceived came too late for the preservation of much valuable material which has now been hopelessly lost. Still much remains, which though widely scattered, by the intelligent co-operation of our people may be gathered together.

The late Col. W. L. Saunders procured in London the material which had been preserved in the Colonial office there, and adding what was to be had from other sources brought the work down to 1776. His illness and lamented death put and end to his labors at that point just as he was entering fully upon the most interesting period of our Revolutionary history.

The Governor and trustees of the Public Library have secured the services of Judge Clark of our Supreme Court to collect the material and continue the publication of our Records down to 1781 as prescribed in the act of the legislature. Like Colonel Saunders, Judge Clark renders these services to the State without any compensation of any kind except the sense of discharging a patriotic duty to his native State. Unlike Colonel Saunders, he has not the archives at London to draw upon, as the transmitting of documents thither ceased in 1775. Our State capital being then peripatetic, at Halifax, Newbern, Fayetteville and Hillsboro, and the Governor residing, except during the brief session of the legislature, at his home, few records either legislative or executive have been preserved. Even the journals of the legislature of those years that were published have been lost as well as the MSS. originals of them. We have here only such of the bills and resolutions introduced into the legislature and such letters written to the Governors as have escaped the hands of successive pillagers. It is said that in the times immediately succeeding the surrender of 1865 and the dark years succeeding, most valuable documents were carried off. Some valuable papers, too, are said to have been lent Mr. Williamson, Mr. Bancroft and other historians and have been mislaid, or if returned were appropriated by the bummers who followed Sherman's army.

Judge Clark has therefore no easy task before him. He can, of course, utilize what meagre materials are to be found here, and what little is in possession of our state Historical Society. He will make application to the custodian of the papers of General Horatio Gates and General Nathaniel Greene to get copies for this State of such material as bear upon the events in this State while those Generals were in command of the Southern Department. Mr. Lyman Draper collected a large quantity of material for his work on King's Mountain, and it is is probable that in his MSS., left by him to the University of Michigan, there may be records and archives which should be published. Among the large autograph collectors at the North are to be found letters from North Carolina officers, civil and military, which will throw light upon our revolutionary history and of which doubtless copies may be had. At Washington City the records of the whilom Confederacy which existed prior to the Constitution of 1787 are very meagre as they had to be removed more than once to avoid the incursions of the British. We may depend that all these sources will be explored to the best advantage by Judge Clark. But after all, the main dependence of any one assuming the labor of love he has taken upon him must be in the hearty co-operation of our own people. In private families throughout the State there must be preserved, as sacred heirlooms, letters and documents of that period, and in many court houses there are dusty records of those times which, with a little care and attention, may be unearthed. If in such cases, those who have the fame of North Carolina at heart will inform Judge Clark of the existence and nature of these letters and documents that he may have them copied for the State, a considerable portion of our Revolutionary history may yet be recovered and his efforts in the other quarters we have mentioned may be materially supplemented by local material. However laborious he may be, his labors on the bench will only permit him to give to this work the limited time of his vacations between the terms of his courts. We trust North Carolinians will second his efforts to rescue the data, yet existing, of our Revolutionary epoch.

Illiteracy and Crime.

Exchange.

Does education help morals? is a question that has frequently been discussed. It is somewhat surprising, in this age, to find persons replying in the negative to this proposition, and holding that our schools are having very little effect in reducing the amount of crime and vice in this country; and they even point to the criminal records in support of crimes committed in Boston and other cities where the school system is practically perfect, and where everyone can get a good education.

If we examine the criminal and police statistics, however, as the United States commissioner of education, Mr. W. T. Harris, has just done, we will find that they make no showing as is pretended but quite the contrary. There are of course some educated as well as illiterate persons arrested, but the difference in the number of arrests of these two classes shows how great is the school in the elimination of crime.

The number of prisoners confined in seventeen States which have complete statistics on this point—fourteen of them western or middle States—is one hundred and ten thousand five hundred and thirty-eight and among these the illiterates in proportion to numbers, contribute six times their quota. The records in the towns show an even greater proportion of crime among the ignorant and illiterates, for the whole country furnish to each thousand of persons eight times as many prisoners as those who can read and write.

It is plain from these facts that our schools have already greatly reduced the amount of crime, and that when we shall have succeeded in getting rid of all illiteracy we shall still further reduce the number of criminals.

A Disastrous Appearance.

New York World.

Nat Goodwin says that he was scared almost to death during his first appearance, and the story that he tells certainly gives color to that assertion. "In 1873," he said, "I signed for the season to appear in juvenile roles at the Providence Opera House. In a melodrama called 'The Bottle' I was cast for the part of the horrid young villain who is forcing his unwelcome attention on the young heroine. I thought I was right in it until I made my first speech, and then I discovered my mistake. In the first act I am supposed to suddenly come upon the heroine alone, and I deliver this line: 'So, I have you again, my sweet beauty! Why do you avoid me thus?' I had not more than delivered that line when the girl turned on me and let out an unearthly screech that seared me to death. It shook every line out of my head, and I stood as if I had been suddenly attacked with lockjaw. The heroine was quick to see my plight, however, and she went right on with the play, repeating my lines and then her own. As soon as I saw a chance I made a bolt for the stage door, and with all my makeup on took the next train back to Boston."

Big Money for Titles.

The recent marriage of the Earl of Craven to Miss Bradley—Martin has given the curious statistician cause to calculate the amount of plebeian American cash that has been paid for rusty European titles in the past twenty five years. Forty-eight marriages are mentioned, and the estimate of wealth transferred to the other side of the Atlantic is $50,000,000 Twelve brides took $32,500,000 with them. Among the richest of these were: The duchess of Marlborough, daughter of Joshua Price, of Troy, and widow of Louis Hammersley, of New York, $7,000,000: the marchioness de Mores, daughter of John Hoffman, of New York, 5,000,000; the princess of Galatio, Colonna and of Stigliano, daughter of John W. Mackay. of San Francisco, $5,000,000; the duchess di Dino, daughter of the late Joseph Sampson, of New York, $3,000,000; the duchess of Lante-Monfeltrio della Rovere, daughter of Thomas Davis, of New York, $3,000,000, etc.

Raise Your Own Meats.

Blacksburg News.]

Buying meat and lard at present prices will take all the profit that a cotton farmer can make on his crop of cotton. You can raise your own hogs cheaper than you can buy them with cotton at a higher price than it is likely to be soon. Clover, buttermilk and wheat bran are the proper foods to develop your pigs, and corn the cheapest food to fatten them when developed.

Corn is not a fit food to feed to pigs under twelve months of age. It makes no bone or muscle and is a poor food to promote growth, besides it produces disease and dwarfs the growth; to make profit in hog raising you must study the question and feed to the best advantage. Pork can be raised in South Carolina at four cents per pound. Why pay twelve cents for it? First, get a good breed, second, feed with judgment and economy; third, in the winter season give them shelter.

Hush, But ——?

"Ho," said a well-known statesman, 'I shall never believe that woman has the proper judgment and sense to cast a ballot, or interfere in politics, while she is so weak-minded as to passively suffer, year after year, from diseases peculiar to females, when every newspaper she picks up, tells of the merits of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. "Not to take advantage of this remedy is certainly an indication of mental weakness!"

There is a wholesome kernel of truth inside the rough shell of this ungallant speech. The "Favorite Prescription" is invaluable in all uterine troubles, inflammations, ulcerations, displacements, nervous disorders, prostration, exhaustion, or hysteria. For run-down, worn-out women, no more strengthening tonic or nervine is known.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

J. M. Martin,
Old Street
Livery and Feed Stables in Connection with Hotel.
Good serviceable turnouts at livery prices.

Fayetteville Cotton Seed Oil Mill,
Railroad Street,
Manufacturers of Cotton-Seed Meal and Crude Oil.
Pays highest market price for cotton-seed.

Beaver Creek and Bluff Mills,
H. W. Lilly, President,
Manufacturers of "Lake George" AA 4-4 Sheeting, Cotton Yarn and Batting.

J. A. Lambeth,
Rear Hotel LaFayette,
LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLES.
Stalls for rent at 10c. per night. Special accommodations for drummers. Buggies for sale cheap. Cash system.

J. M. Martin,
Person Street,
Wines, Liquors, Brandies and Pure Mountain Corn Whiskey.
All grades of Tobacco, Cigars, etc.

W. N. Tillinghast,
Hay Street,
Crockery and Glassware, Lamps, Cutlery, etc. Wall-Paper and Window-Shades.

Geo. A. Thomson,
—GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT—
Life, Accident and Fire.

POE & CO.,
BRICK AND TILE MANUFACTURERS,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C
Feb'y 25, 1892—tf

A. B. Williams,
Commission Merchant, Buyer of Cotton and Naval Stores, and Dealer in Hair, Lime, Plaster and Cement.

Fayetteville Printing & Publishing Co.
Letter and Bill-Heads, Statements, Checks, Drafts, Handbills, Circulars, Invitations, Books, Pamphlets, Newspapers.

Martin House,
—BY—
JNO. M. MARTIN, OLD STREET.
Well located for commercial travelers and the general traveling public Table supplied with best the market affords. Rates reasonable.

Chas. Glover,
AUCTIONEER,
—AND—
REAL ESTATE AGENT.
Negotiates the sale and purchase of Stocks, Bonds and other Securities.

KODAKS.
Having accepted the agency for the Eastman Kodak Company we would be pleased to show samples of work done on the different style Kodaks and quote prices. Prices range from $6.00 to $65.00.
A. J. PEMBERTON & CO.
2—23—tf

PLUMBING.
I am prepared to contract for PLUMBING on the most improved scientific sanitary principles.
The latest improvements in fixtures will be furnished.
I have made the proper planning and construction of plumbing a careful study and can assure my customers that all work done under my direction shall be safe and at as low prices as it can be well and safely done. W. N. TILLINGHAST.
March 9, 1893—tf

For Sale Cheap.
A Seventy-Five Dollar KIMBALL ORGAN, perfectly new and in the hands of the manufacturer. Can be bought cheap at a sacrifice. For terms and particulars apply at the OBSERVER OFFICE.
5—18—93.

New Drinks this season at
McDuffie's New Soda Fountain.

NEW PRAYER BOOKS
ACCORDING TO THE NEW STANDARD.
"CAMBRIDGE" EDITION
JUST RECEIVED.
We have a beautiful line of these Prayer Books in Japanese Seal, French Seal, Persian Calf, Syrian Levant, German Calf and Turkey Morocco.
A. J. PEMBERTON & CO.
2—23—tf

Banks's Stand Resuscitated
BY A. H. WATSON.
On and after the 15th of February my stock will be replete in
CONFECTIONS
AND FANCY GROCERIES.
Specialties in FRESH BREAD and ROLLS, HOME-MADE CANDIES, FOREIGN and DOMESTIC FRUITS.
Green St., opposite Overbaugh House.
2—2—93—tf

E. L. CLARK,
GROCERY and FAMILY SUPPLY STORE,
CORNER HAY AND WINSLOW STREETS
(Opposite Short-Cut Depot).
COUNTRY PRODUCE
BOUGHT AND SOLD,
Fresh Meats, Etc.
GOODS DELIVERED FREE OF CHARGE TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AND HAYMOUNT.
1—17. 93

The Best Life Policy.

It's not the Tontine plan, or Endowment plan, or Ten years' renewable plan. It's not adding your few dollars to the hundreds of millions that the insurance companies boast of. It's a better investment than any of those. It is investing a few dollars in that Standard Remedy, the "Golden Medical Discovery," a cure for Consumption, in its early stages, and all throat and lung troubles.

THE OBSERVER.

Established in 1825 by E. J. Hale, Sr.

E. J. HALE, Editor and Proprietor.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., JUNE 1, 1893.

JEFFERSON DAVIS.

Nothing can be more gratifying to the lover of truth than the event of this week. Foiled in their attempt to convince the world of the badness of that great and patriotic section of this country once known as the Southern Confederacy, the haters of the South had concentrated their efforts upon the quiet American citizen whom the South had asked to be its leader in the war between the States. It was sought to differentiate him from the rest of his people, and to hand his name down to posterity as that of a man who possessed a kingly prerogative which he used to mislead his adherents. After twenty-eight years the answer has come. By such a popular demonstration as the world has not before seen the like of, the South has made known the truth. The truth, so unwelcome to the South's enemies, is in accordance with what was the real state of politics in this most democratic and most republican portion of the Union. Jefferson Davis was the South's chosen public servant. The demonstrations of this week formally notify the world that in the estimation of those who chose him, he was to the last degree faithful to their trust.

He had not the kingly prerogative whose possession and recognition mark the degradation of a people. But he possessed, in a pre-eminent degree, the kingly prerogative which Nature bestows upon the leaders of men.

In his rounded character as a soldier, a scholar, a statesman, a leader of men and a good citizen, Jefferson Davis has had no superior in the world's history. He was the greatest man of our time. From now on, history will begin to do him justice. When this is done, history will reveal him as one of the greatest men of all times.

The body of Jefferson Davis was taken from its temporary sepulture in New Orleans on Sunday and was yesterday laid at rest in Hollywood Cemetery at Richmond. Along the thousand miles of the route, millions of his late fellow citizens had gathered to do reverence to his memory. It was literally an ovation from beginning to end. Nothing like it has ever been known.

IN NORTH CAROLINA.

The Raleigh correspondent of the Wilmington Messenger thus describes the ceremonies in this State:

RALEIGH, N. C., May 30.

This was a memorable day in this city. It had as an adjunct the most beautiful weather, with greenest grass and freshest flowers. Each incoming train swelled the numbers of people present. The people of both races and of all ages were in holiday attire and the streets were thronged. The centre of attraction was the Capitol. The ladies were busy there arranging flowers on the catafalque. Many of the ladies, in compliance with the request of Junius Davis Camp of Confederate veterans, wore either black or white dresses.

The Capitol was draped in mourning. Broad bands of black and white wrapped the massive pillars of the eastern and western porticoes. Inside the corridors the granite columns were so encased, while up the stair cases ran lines of drapery. The draping of the rotunda produced a most sombre effect, which was accented by the closing of the north and south doorways. During the morning the ladies banked the catafalque with flowers. These were mainly roses and magnolias, on a background of evergreens. At the head and foot were placed vases bearing large clusters of white lilies. On a raised platform at the head was placed the State design. This was arranged at the suggestion of Maj. S. F. Telfair and Mr. Cowan. It was a broken column of sweet pea and hollyhocks, three feet high, and against it leaned the Confederate battle flag, of clematis and crimson roses and jasmine. The design is exquisite. This will be sent to Richmond and placed at the head of Mr. Davis' grave. Above it are the words "North Carolina." Another exquisite floral offering was given by the Ladies Memorial association of Raleigh and represented a pillow surmounted by an arch. It is of white roses and in purple are the words "Our President" and "Ladies Memorial Association, of Raleigh, N. C." A very beautiful design was the gift of the Ladies Memorial association of Wilmington. It represented a harp, with outline of palm branches. Its body was on one side the "stars and bars," of red and white immortelles, geraniums and purple larkspur, and on the other side the flattle flag of the same flowers with immortelles. It sprung from a base of evergreens and callas and was surmounted by a cross of white immortelles with sprays of fern. The outer circle of the rotunda was marked by potted plants, and flowers filled the niches in the sides. The ladies of Kittrell sent some exquisite flowers and other contributions of the same kind came from other towns.

At 6 o'clock the Fayetteville Independent Light Infantry, Maj. John B. Broadfoot, arrived, bringing forty-five officers and men. Soon after 10 o'clock the Vance Guards, of Henderson, Capt. P. F. Jones, arrived, with thirty-seven officers and men. These with the Governor's Guard formed the military escort. It was found that the train was over two hours late. The time was spent in preparations, and the crowd on the streets increased each moment. At 10 o'clock guard was mounted at the Capitol. The business men and many house owners decorated their buildings, and the Confederate flag was liberally displayed, some of these flags being of great size. The State colors were at half mast at the Capitol.

It was 1:10 o'clock, p. m., when the funeral train pulled into the station. At least a thousand people were assembled there to meet it. The train was a long one of nine cars. Near the centre was the funeral car. As soon as the train stopped Adjt. Gen. Cameron, representing the Governor, and Mayor Badger, representing the city, and Col. Kenan, representing the veterans, boarded it. Miss Winnie Davis and Mrs. Hays, her sister, were at once placed in a carriage and driven to the Yarboro House, they having declined Governor Carr's special invitation to be his guests at the Executive Mansion.

The cynosure of all eyes was the casket containing Mr. Davis' remains. This was lifted out of one of the broad windows of the funeral car (which is an observation car of the Western North Carolina railway) and was then taken upon the shoulders of eight veterans who bore it to the funeral car which was at the south gate ready to bear it to the Capitol. The funeral car, massive in design, and like a temple, with black covering and fringes and relieved by white trimmings, was the handsomest one thus far provided for the conveyance of Mr. Davis' honored remains. Its driver was James H. Jones, Mr. Davis' old and always faithful coachman. In front sat two little girls dressed in white and in rear sat two others, all bearing Confederate flags of various designs.

The procession moved at 1:20 o'clock, the police leading, followed by the three companies of troops. These bore national, State and Confederate flags. Upon the oaken casket with massive gilded handles which contained the body, was laid the bullet torn battle flag of the Fiftieth North Carolina. Six black horses drew the funeral car and at the head of each horse was a veteran. The march to the Capitol was through streets packed with people, all silent and attentive. Uncovered heads were to be seen everywhere.

At the south gate of the Capitol square stood Governor Carr and Rev. Dr. M. M. Marshall, the chaplain, with the Governor's staff in line. These received the body, which passing around, entered at the north gate.

The entry into the building was through the west doorway. In the portico above were seventy-five ladies and gentlemen forming the choir, Mr. W. S. Primrose being musical director. The choir sang Pleyel's hymn:

How sleep the brave who sink to rest
By all their country's wishes blessed!
When spring, with dewy fingers cold,
Returns to deck their hallowed mold,
She there shall dress a sweeter sod
Than fancy's feet have ever trod.

By fairy hands their knell is rung;
By forms unseen their dirge is sung.
There honor comes, a pilgram gray,
To bless the turf that wraps their clay,
And freedom shall awhile repair,
To dwell a weeping hermit there.

Rev. Dr. Marshall then offered prayer. The casket was then laid upon the catafalque, and while this was being done the choir sang this ode:

Rest on, embalmed and sainted dead,
Dear as the blood ye gave,
No impious footstep here shall tread
The herbage of your grave.

Nor shall your glory be forgot
while her record keeps,
Or honor points the hallowed spot
Where valor proudly sleeps.

Nor wreck, nor change, nor winter's blight
Nor time's remorseless doom,
Can dim one ray of holy light.
That guilds your glorious tomb.

As soon as the casket was in place a quartette, Miss Alice Dugger, Mrs. J. J. Thomas, Mr. Everett Baker and Mr. W. S. Primrose, sang

Asleep in Jesus! blessed sleep,
From which none ever wake to weep;
A calm and undisturbed repose,
Unbroken by the last of foes.

Asleep in Jesus! oh, how sweet
To be for such a slumber meet!
With holy confidence to sing
That death has lost its venomed sting.

Asleep in Jesus! peaceful rest!
Whose waking is supremely blest;
No fear—no woe—shall dim the hour
That manifests the Saviour's power.

Asleep in Jesus! far from thee
Thy kindred and their graves may be;
But thine is still a blessed sleep
From which none ever wake to weep.
Amen.

When this was sung the quartette stood in the rotunda, over the casket. Afterwards the following chant was sung by the full choir:

Once more the spot, with solemn awe we tread
Where lie the relics, of our honored dead.

Chant we our requiem, mournfully and slow,
While our sad tears, above his ashes flow.

Yet must we lay them, lay them now to rest.
Green be the turf, above this noble breast.

With us, his name shall live, through long succeeding years
Embalmed, with all our hearts can give, our praise and our tears.

These exercises ended, there was a steady stream of people. This was so dense that several ladies fainted. Old soldiers by hundreds pressed through. Ladies and children were in the throng. The people were kept moving by the double guard of veterans and military. The veterans who marched past the body were from a dozen States. All expressed their gratification of the arrangement here, which they declared had not been surpassed anywhere. It is estimated that between 12:30 and 3:15 o'clock 5,000 persons passed by the casket. Many thought the face of Mr. Davis would be exposed.

It was 3:15 o'clock when the casket was lifted off and taken from the building. As it passed out of the east portico the choir, assembled there, sang to the air of "Hamburg," the ode:

In seeds of laurel in the earth,
The blossoms of your fame is blown;
And, somewhere, waiting for its birth,
The lofty shaft is in the stone.

Meanwhile, behold the tardy years,
Which keep in trust your storied tombs,
Behold your comrades bring their tears,
And scatter these memorial blooms.

Stoop angels hither from the skies,
There is no holier spot of ground
Than where defeated valor lies,
By tributes of affection crowned.
Amen.

It was 3:30 o'clock when the remains, escorted to the depot in like manner as when received, arrived there. The same ceremonies were observed. While this was in progress Miss Winnie Davis and Mrs. Hayes, under the escort of Mayor Ellyson, of Richmond, came out on the platform of her private car and there held an informal reception. A thousand persons, veterans, ladies and children, shook hands with these charming ladies, who received them in a graceful way.

There was meanwhile a steady procession, mainly of ladies, through the funeral car of the train. This car was banked with beautiful floral offerings. Those of the State and of the Ladies Memorial associations of Raleigh and Wilmington were added. It was 3:40 when the train left. At least 2,500 persons saw it depart.

There was an absolute suspension of business during the ceremonies.

The day was not marred by any accident or disorder. The programme was carried out accurately. One of the features was the great respect shown by the colored people. None surpassed them in courtesy. The entire ceremony was such as to be an honor to Raleigh and to North Carolina.

CHICAGO, May 27.—Surprising developments mark the controversy over the awards at the World's Fair yesterday. The sixteen countries that withdrew their displays from competition, on account of dissatisfaction with John Boyd Thatcher's system, completely turned the tables on that unhappy official. Their commissioners decided to enter into competition among themselves. They will establish a board of jurors, independent of those in the Americans' section, and issue diplomas in utter disregard of Thatcher's work. This unexpected movement on the part of the foreign commissioners leaves Thatcher in a very embarrassing position. The awards granted by the commissioners who lately withdrew will be the only evidence of international competition of the Fair, for the South American republics are expected to join the movement.

Thatcher will, therefore, be left with nothing but the United States section, and the diplomas he issues will be of little more value than those furnished at an inter-State fair. The international diplomas will be carried away by the foreign commissioners, who refuse to accept Thatcher's one judge plan of making awards.

King Bros', Druggists, recommend Johnson's Oriental Soap for all skin and scalp diseases. Try it.

ADDRESS

Of Dr J. A. Hodges upon the Occasion of Laying the Corner Stone of the New Armory of the F. L. I. I. Company.

Citizens, Soldiers and Veterans of the Fayetteville Independent Light Infantry, Ladies and Gentlemen:

This occasion, with its attendant ceremonies which you are about to witness, suggests my theme. This is an auspicious day in your history, and one that will ever be memorable in your annals. It marks an important epoch of unusual interest, not only in the history of this company, but also of this town and of this county and of this State.

At the south gate of the Capitol square stood Governor Carr and Rev. Dr. M. M. Marshall, the chaplain, with the Governor's staff in line. These received the body, which passing around, entered at the north gate.

The entry into the building was through the west doorway. In the portico above were seventy-five ladies and gentlemen forming the choir, Mr. W. S. Primrose being musical director. The choir sang Pleyel's hymn:

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It ought not to be regarded with indifference, and it cannot be passed by in silence. A centennial landmark presents itself in the history of this "ancient and honorable" military company under whose auspices we are to-day assembled. A centennial link is to be forged this day in time's endless chain, that shall forever visibly connect this company's auspicious present with its historic past. The fading ouds of a long-deferred hope are to-day to blossom forth into the full fruition of a pleasing reality, and, even in this hour, the corner stone of a standing and lasting testimonial is to be laid of that institution which has always been the pride and defence of Fayetteville.

It is but meet and proper then, ladies and gentlemen, that you should gather here with the soldiers and veterans of this honored corps, on the eve of their centennial birthday, to signalize this unbroken continuity of one hundred years of honorable record. In the erection of this armory building, and in its dedication to-day to the uses and purposes of future generations, this company evinces a commendable zeal in perpetuating its remarkable history, and pays a well deserved tribute to the virtues and deeds of those comrades-in-arms who, by their sacrifices and devotion to it and their country in the past, have rendered it famous both in war and in peace.

I catch, fellow citizens, the inspirations of this glowing hour. The anticipations and desires of an hundred years culminate now in these dedicatory services of this memorial building to the sacred cause of liberty—a cause which in the long ago had its staunchest and firmest supporters in these ranks, and a cause which to-day finds, in the Fayetteville Independent Company, soldiers who are worthy to be called the sons of their fathers.

This is, indeed, a hallowed festival of the heart upon the glorious memories of the past.

It is a sentiment, as well as an historical fact, that has gathered you together in such large numbers to day—a sentiment that is as dear to the hearts of the people of old Cumberland, and I may say of all North Carolina, as the memories of this illustrious company are dear to its individual members. It is true that some carping critic may decry such a sentiment; it is true that some jeering cynic may sneer at the record which this corps, even though it be the second oldest military organization in the United States, can proudly claim, simply because it is a *home* company, but yet that sentiment of love and affection for the Independent Company, with its long list of present and departed glories, will still continue to live in the breasts of this patriotic people. That people have become as the dry bones of the valley and have far sunk in degeneracy, and in unpatriotism when they can experience no thrill of emotion, no feeling of inspiration as the deeds of such illustrious heroes as this company represents is passing before their eyes. And while we have gathered about these altars here, and have opened up the flood-gates of our joy on this eventful occasion, we should not fail to be inspired with the sublime virtues of our departed heroes, whose fame and glory in the past we can rightfully claim as our own,

"In our hearts, we proudly cherish
Recollections of their worth;
Noble deeds can never perish—
Virtue hath immortal birth,
Lost to us—but not to glory!—
Warriors in thine honor rest!—
Sweetly rest! *'Pro Patria mori,*
Dulce et decorum est!"

We are here to-day to be imbued with the exalted lessons of their example. We are here to remove the moss and lichen once again from the mausoleums of their departed greatness, and like old Mortality, "with chisel and mallet, deepen their inscriptions."

We are here to collect in the urn of memory their immortal deeds and, with pious gratitude, pass them down the highway of the ages.

My fellow soldiers, it is needless for me to go back into the dim vista of years and trace minutely the many recorded events of your checkered history; it is needless too, to recount to you in detail the many individual acts of dauntless daring and valiant worth that have emblazoned the pages of your history, and yet I would be recreant to the duties of this hour, did I not mention briefly some of the more conspicuous glories that cluster about your eventful pathway. I would not garner the whole, and yet I would punctuate your historic career with some of its most prominent periods.

The organization of your corps was effected at a time when all was disunion and discord. No supernatural occurrence is recorded as having marked the hour of its birth; no State or National statute brought it into existence, or proclaimed or signalized the time and place of its origin, and yet, my friends, in contemplating the grand and patriotic principles that must have animated its founders, its long and honorable career of an hundred years, its beneficent results, its high aspirations and its spreading and abiding growth, I must think that the hearts of its founders, Captain Robert Adam and his two associates, Lieutenant Winslow and Ensign Cochran, who nursed it into being in this town on the 23rd of August 1793, must have been inspired by Divine guidance, and that they, the builders of this beautiful temple of yours, builded better than they knew or could have conceived. At the time of its establishment, the British Crown had just been defied and a heavy blow had been struck for American Independence that had burst asunder the chain that had bound America to the foot of the throne—a deed that will be remembered and revered as long as the love of human liberty shall last.

Your organization was effected at a time, too, when France had just declared war against England, and when there was imminent danger of this country of ours being drawn into the vortex of that mighty convulsion of revolution that shook Europe from centre to circumference, and, in the end, amazed the civilized world.

Be these the reasons or not for this company's organization, it was, nevertheless, founded upon a sacred and patriotic love of country, and a high regard for the safety and perpetuity of that new form of republican government, which, being yet such an infant among the nations of the earth, required the sturdy support of all such patriotic associations.

In 1807, fourteen years after your organization, our country was threatened with a war with Great Britain, and the Independent Company at once volunteered its services, declaring that "as citizen soldiers, they are ever ready to avenge an insult offered to our country, by any nation whatever, and we furthermore pledge ourselves to be in readiness to march at a moment's warning." Again in 1811, the murmurings of a war with Great Britain were heard, and again was the same promptitude manifested, and again was the same patriotic spirit of 1807 exhibited. Our country's rights had been invaded, and our State was in danger. That was sufficient. Did those veteran soldiers waver? Had those fires of patriotism upon the altar of liberty become extinguished? No, a thousand times no, but in the majesty of their might and in the valor of their loyalty, they arose as one man to the defence of their beloved town and State, and there was done a deed, the like of which finds not an equal nor a parallel in the annals of history. The members of this company, 37 in all, not only volunteered themselves and went into active service, but each solder hired an additional man for six months service.

The conduct of the rank and file of the Independent Light Infantry, at that time, has handed down their name to us with a lustre that brightens as the years roll away. All honor to the noble thirty-seven! Eulogy cannot overdraw their meed of praise, nor admiration overestimate their worth. Let a memorial tablet in yonder armorial hall be inscribed with the record of their deeds, and let each name be consecrated to Liberty and find a hallowed sanctury in every patriot's heart.

In 1819, your officials were commissioned by a special act of the Legislature to bear the grades of rank you now so honorably bear, and Mr. Stanley in introducing the resolution is said to have remarked that yours was a corps "every member of which was fit to stand by Cæsar and give directions."

In 1825, sixty-five years ago, we are told that your company met on almost this same spot with the loyal-hearted and liberty loving sons and daughters of Eastern Carolina to act as a special body-guard for General LaFayette, that brave and gallant soldier, who left the vine-clad hills of his own country to do battle in America "for freedom in freedom's holy cause." And now, ladies and gentlemen, were I not repeating an oft-told tale, I might carry you back to the festive scenes of this company's semi-centennial celebration in 1843, and cause your hearts to thrill with pride as I recalled some of the incidents of that now memorable and historic day, as they were depicted in the eloquent diction and lofty imagery of that gifted and lamented chronicler, the Hon. Edward Lee Winslow, one of this company's most distinguished and illustrious veterans.

I might tell you, also, of that same love of country which inspired some of the members of this company to enlist and do service in the Mexican war. I might, too, tracing the history of events, tell you of that part enacted by the members of this company in the late war between the States, how along the fiery crest of many a battle-field, they displayed that daring and that heroism that was born of southern courage and southern grit and southern nobility of soul; how, after they had participated in that internecine strife on the bloody battlefields of Yorktown, Richmond and Big Bethel, they had never flinched nor faltered, amid all that roar of artillery and rattle of musketry, and had never brought disgrace nor dishonor to their fair fame as Confederate Independent Company soldiers; and how after the camp-fires along the serried line of battle had begun to flicker and grow dim on the stage of war, and the curtain had rolled down at Appomatox upon the sublimest tragedy in human history, they had returned to their homes outnumbered and overpowered but not subdued nor conquered and how in all these after years they have filled the stations of peace with credit to themselves, their company and their common country. But those days are too vivid in your recollection to require elucidation or endorsement at my hands—the value of the record of those times, with their deeds of heroism and valor, I leave to the approval and sanctification of your true southern consciences and your true southern hearts.

By the way, speaking of the part played by our southern soldiers in the late war and especially by our North Carolina troops, I am reminded to relate to you an incident that occurred to me a few days ago. It does not exactly concern the Independent Company, but it is about Starr's Battery, and as some of you present may have served in it, I cannot forbear relating it, for the man who paid the glowing tribute to it which I shall give you, as best I can, did it with so much enthusiasm and so much sincerity that I think it should be preserved as one of the cherished souvenirs of that division of our army. I was standing upon the ocean beach, and with folded arms was looking far out across the broad expanse of waters, and while the waves with their ever ceaseless moanings were lashing the sands at my feet, and the setting sun was bending his slanting rays into that mirrored and gleaming surface, I confess I was all but lost to consciousness in gazing upon the entrancing scene, when suddenly I was accosted by a long, lank and unique looking personage, who in a hollow and sepulchral voice, interrogated me by saying: "My friend, where might yer be from?" I replied suavely to him, for I knew by his manner that he believed I was from that far up-country whose people seldom see this grand ocean spectacle and that he felt correspondingly sorry for me: "I am, my friend, now from Wilmington, but I recently came from Fayetteville." When I mentioned the name of "Fayetteville," I wish you could have seen the radiance of his face; he straightened up, all interest and excitement, and said: "I used to live here on the sound and I would just like to know if you are acquainted with any of Starr's Battery, for they were here when I lived hereabouts. I replied that I did and immediately he grasped my hand as if he had just found a long-lost friend, and said with the greatest emphasis and most potential eloqaence: "My friend, them was the beatenest gentlemen soldiers I ever did see; they never left a friendless chicken to nod on its uncomfortable roost; they never allowed an overburdened apple-tree to break down from its load of fruit; they never removed a bee-gum until the shades of night made the removal more to the comfort of the bees; they never permitted the lacteal fluid to sour in badly ventilated milk-houses—and never, no never, did they leave a wounded shoat to bleed its young life away by the road-side, and as fur cards, I give you my word, that just before all those great battles they fought down here, I saw cards scattered every where all along the roads, so great was their *disgust* for card-playing—my friend, them was shore 'nough gentlemen soldiers." From this highly wrought compliment, you can readily see that the lives of soldiers, like those of "great men," leave behind them "footprints on the sands of time," and that Starr's Battery is as much appreciated abroad, after the lapse of all these years, as at home.

Citizen-soldiery of the Fayetteville Independent Light Infantry, I have, as I promised you, but briefly epitomized your splendid history, and yet I have said full enough to cause your breasts to heave, your hearts to stir, and your pulse to thrill, under God's providence, over your long and honorable career.

In your historic past, six captains and twenty majors have ruled over you; at least three thousand members have joined your ranks; you have been participants in three wars; you have received the personal commendation of one President, and of at least five Governors; one of your number has been a Vice-President of this great country, and many of your members have held high and exalted public stations; you have been the guardians of the peace and the defenders of the nation; you have always manifested your readiness to maintain the laws and liberties of our country, unimpaired and inviolate; your bosoms have been thrice bared to protect the land you love so well; the flag that you bear, consecrated by woman's love and woman's loyalty, has waved full high advanced in the fore-front of battle, and through all the mutations of time you stand here to-day on the eve of your centennial birthday, an hundred bright jewels in your crown, as honorable in your old age as you were in the days of your youth. I know not a spot that stains your history. I know not a blot that sullies your fair escutcheon.

I congratulate you, fellow-soldiers, and compliment you upon your honorable past—may you in the future be as zealous and loyal as you have been in the past, and may you always continue to be the pride and the defence, as well as the ornament, of this town and of this State.

And fellow-citizens of the town of Fayetteville, I would commend to you this company with its priceless legacy of ancient years and honorable deeds. Its history is your history—its fame is your fame—cherish it in your hearts and support with the strong arm of your substance. Its centennial mark in the ceaseless cycle of time is near at hand—make that epoch an era in your town's history, worthy the object and the day you celebrate You have been liberal in the past be yet more liberal now, for the standing pride and boast of Fayetteville should ever be, as it has always been, the Fayetteville Light Infantry Company.

Its existence here to-day is the most noteworthy link in your distinguished history, and with all the love I bear this town, and the noble-hearted people, I pray you, never be so seared by sordid ambition or so wrapped up in selfish aims as to forget its claims upon you.

"That man may last, but never lives,
Who much receives, but nothing gives:
Whom none can love, whom none can thank,
Creation's blot; creation's blank."

Ladies and gentlemen, the evidences here in sight betoken the object of our assembling upon this spot at this hour.

Song and legend floating downward through the ages that are past,
Bring us deeds of might and valor that forevermore shall last,
And our hearts are stirred within us, as in fancy still we see
All the pomp and glowing splendor of the days of chivalry.
What though wreath of bay and laurel twine no more the victor's brow?
And no thrilling blast of trumpet greets the conquering hero now?
Noble knights still live among us far more faithful, and more true,
Showing deeds of heroism, grander than the old time knew.

To commemorate those deeds of past heroism and valor and to continue to inculcate their wholesome lessons, this beautiful armory building is to be erected.

From my newly adopted home, I have returned again to the scenes that I love so well, to mingle with those who were once my comrades in arms, and to add my feeble efforts to this laudable undertaking. I am free to confess that a selfish ambition, too, in part prompted me, for I wish my name to go down in this company's annals as connected with this day's doings, for in future years this preliminary event of this centennial year will be an inspiration whose memories I shall cherish to the last days of my life. My heart has ever been in sympathy with the F. I. L. I., and only on one occasion did I waver in subscribing my voice and sentiment to its acts, and that was on the question of withdrawing from the State Guard, but as they are now again honorably in its ranks, and above and beyond all, still wear the loved and honored "Gray," I submit without even a murmur or a protest. Your presence here, to-day at this dedication, soldiers and veterans, proclaims it aloud that the spirit of patriotism within your bosoms is still undying and unquenchable. You proclaim, likewise, your unswerving loyalty and your unfaltering fidelity to the principles and practices of your fathers.

You proclaim, also, to the State and to the world, that as for you and your children and your children's children, that the F. I. L. I. is to-day as it has ever been in the past, the oldest and the best military organization within this broad land of ours.

Near the forest of Ardennes, in the south of Belgium, stands a royal Palace. Grand in its proportions and magnificent in gorgeous decoration, it has ever been a favorite resort of the Belgian Kings who have filled its spacious halls with the choicest treasures of art. During the Franco-German war, it was occupied by Queen Marie Henrietta, and before the battle of Sedan was over, this good Queen in the noble generosity of her nature, had turned this royal palace into a military hospital, and within its spacious walls the French and German soldiers alike found rest and shelter. Near the town of Winchester, in a forest of whispering pines, there stands not a royal palace, but a lonely cabin.

Within its bare walls with its moss-covered roof and weather-beaten sides, there lived during our late war, an old negress who knew nothing about north or south, nothing about patriotism or rebellion. After many a battle upon the surrounding hills, she carried the wounded and sick and dying to her simple cabin home and there with tender care and loving hands nursed them back to life and health. And, commonplace and bare and miserable as was this rude hut among the Virginia hills, it yet became a House Beautiful to many a despairing soul.

Those two great wars are over. In Ardennes and in Virginia those fierce battles and the agony and suffering of those sorrowful days are now remembered only with a shudder and a sigh, but the houses in which those two women lived, the Queen and the slave, are to this day shown with a tender pride and preserved with a loyal love.

"No monument is so noble as that which tells of man's love for his brother man."

So, citizen soldiers, let this armory of yours be ever a fitting testimonial of your love for a common country and a common people, and let it, indeed and in truth, be a House Beautiful for all time. Gather ye here from year to year and view here the memorials of your fathers as the ancient Jews gathered to their beloved Zion and obeyed the command: "Go round about her; tell the towers thereof, mark ye well her bulwarks; consider her palaces, that ye may tell it to the generations following." This building will stand as the golden, crowning triumph of your 100th anniversary. Preserve it and treasure it, for it is representative of the ark of your liborties and of the covenant of your principles.

Representing something on God's earth now,
And something in the waters below it,
The pledge of a company that's ancient and honorable,
Keep it dear friends, and show it.
Keep it, it tells all your history o'er;
From the birth of the dream to the last;
Modest and born of the angel Hope,
Like your hopes of success, it will last.

Rich, Red Blood

As naturally results from taking Hood's Sarsaparilla as personal cleanliness results from free use of soap and water. This great purifier thoroughly expels scrofula, salt rheum and all other impurities and builds up every organ of the body. Now is the time to take it.

The highest praise has been won by HOOD'S PILLS for their easy, yet efficient action. Sold by all druggists. Price 25 cents.

When you speak or even think of spring medicine, how quickly Hood's Sarsaparilla comes into your mind. Take it now.

Commencement Exercises of Lumber Bridge High School.

Commencement sermon was preached in Lumber Bridge Presbyterian Church Sunday at 11 o'clock, A. M., by that eloquent young preacher Rev. W. E. White, 1st Baptist Church, Wilson, N. C., to a large crowd of attentive listeners, from the text "Learn of Christ." The scholars were marshed in the church and occupied the middle pews. He also preached at Providence Baptist Church in the afternoon. Mr. White is a man of great ability and power, although young, he hasn't many equals as a preacher, and he has many bright prospects for the future.

Monday was given to decorating, &c., but ere the sun ceased to shine and sink beneath the horizon in the west a goodly number had gathered to witness the performance of the night. The exercises were opened at 8 o'clock by the chorus "The North State." The whole of the exercises were enjoyed, and I don't think any one had a right to weary; but the most important feature of the night was the debate or dialogue—Should Congress be instructed to restrict Immigation? Affimative—J. S. McGeachy, E. McGill, J. L. Kerr, P. O. Ausley. Negative—F. L. Blue, O. C. Smith, F. McPherson, S. M. Davis. Mr. McGill was not present, owing to the accident befalling his cousin Henry Currie, Jr. The exercises closed Monday night with instrumental—Neath Autum Moon Light—by Miss Katie McGeachy.

Tuesday 11 A. M., chorus—"'Tis Morn," by class. Address by Prof. W. S. Currell, Ph. D., Davidson College, N. C. Instrumental solo, Miss Sudie H. Gay.

After dinner, which every body enjoyed in pic-nic style under the large oaks which shade the grounds, we had a fine address from Capt. E. W. Kerr, of Clinton, N. C., at 4 P. M. Music under the auspicies of the Y. M. C. A., led by Mr. Archie Currie.

Tuesday night 8 P. M., exercises opened with "Song of Welcome." The declamations, dialogues, solo, &c., were all fine, one of the interesting features was the "death of the doll," Miss Almeno McQueen. Exercises closed with "Class Farewell."

Miss Emma Currie in the primary department, and Miss Nora Malloy in the higher, were awarded the prizes for punctuation. Miss Katie McGeachy the prize for best composition.

A prominent gentleman visitor remarked he had been to a good many commencements in his life, but altogether that was the best he had witnessed. We are to be congratulated on getting such fine speakers. Prof. McArthur has a just right to be proud of his first year at Lumber Bridge. The number of scholars enrolled reaching over 120, and we hope when his school opens again in September, it may double this number.

DISCIPULUS.

Mountain Breezes from the Border "Land of the Sky."

For the Observer.]

Believing your many readers will be pleased to have a few items from this lovely country, we have long contemplated sending you some points. King's Mountain is a village of about twelve or fifteen hundred inhabitants, beautifully situated on the Atlantic and Charlotte Air Line, 33 miles west of Charlotte, twelve hundred feet above sea-level, commanding the most beautiful scenery. King's, Crowders', Whitaker's and Spencer's Mountains and Henry's Knobb, forming an enchanting and pisturesque border, while the Blue Ridge, in its enrapturing and entrancing grandeur, meets the delighted vision from the South Carolina to the Virginia line. The original people are largely of German extraction, though much of the present population having been induced here by the varied manufacturing enterprises are cosmopolitan. Eastern Carolina is well represented here.

In this letter we will speak of the religious and educational institutions, others in subsequent one. There are five churches here, viz: Methodist, Lutheran, Presbyterian, Associate Reformed Presbyterian and Baptist; all having good Sabbath Schools. Prohibition prevails in the town, and the moral tone of the place is excellent.

King's Mountain High School has had a reputation surpassed by no school in North Carolina, but for some years back it lost its prestige, owing to various causes. Last September an old Fayettevillian took charge, and closed a very successful scholastic year this week. The enrollment reached nearly or quite 200, though about 140 was the highest actual attendance.

Rev. Dr. Pritchard, of Charlotte, delivered the literary address, it was a most excellant effort, practical, pointed, forceful, witty, truthful and eloquent. The entertainment by the pupils at night was largely attended, the spacious hall being filled to overflowing while many remained outside. Perfect order prevailed. King's Mountain is noted for incomparably orderly audiences, be it to their honor said. Every thing passed off like a charm. The exercises consisted of vocal and instrumental music, with speeches, dialogues, grave and humorous, so intermingled as to produce the most pleasing effect. The future of the school is very bright. The principal has leased the building for five years.

SCRIBBLER.

N. C. Building Stones.

The correspondent of the New York Commercial Bulletin thus writes of the North Carolina exhibit of building stones at Chicago:

"This exhibition will have the effect of bringing many new building stones into notice. A most attractive display of building stones and stones suitable for ornamentation is made by North Carolina. It is not much to say that it far passes in variety that of any State or foreign country. Many of the stones are marvels of beauty, and the evidence of their durability is furnished by their composition. Several of them are unlike anything that is now used in the construction of buildings. The deposits of them are said to be large and in localities that are on navigable streams or the lines of railways. That the attention of architects and Northern capitalists has never been called to them before seems

THE OBSERVER.

E. J. HALE, Jr., General Business Manager.

FAYETTEVILLE N. C.

THURSDAY.....JUNE 1, 1893.

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RATES OF ADVERTISING:

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Contracts for advertising for any space or time may be made at the office of the OBSERVER, or by correspondence.

☞ The Editor of this paper will in no wise be responsible for the views expressed by correspondents.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

H. R. HORNE—Clarade, Cigars, &c.
THE OHIO CHEMICAL CO.—Tobacco Habit Easily Cured.
WILMINGTON & WELDON R. R.—Change of Schedule—4th page.
G. W. OGILVIE & Co.—Blaine's Handy Manual of Useful Information.

Rev. John Huske.

Rev. John Huske, a distinguished divine of the Protestant Episcopal Church, son of Rev. Dr. Huske, of this city, is visiting here for a few days preparatory to taking charge of St. Thomas's Church in New York during the absence of the Rector in Europe. St. Thomas's Church is the leading American Episcopal church.

To the Ladies.

The Fayetteville Independent Light Infantry extend their sincere thanks to the ladies who took part in the Bazaar, making it not only of profit to the company but an enjoyable occasion for all.

Very respectfully,
JNO. B. TILLINGHAST,
May 31, 1893. Sec'y.

Summer Excursion Rates.

The Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley Rw'y. Co. will sell Summer Excursion Tickets from June 1st to Sept. 30th 1893 inclusive to all Seashore and Mountain Resorts in North Carolina, Virginia, and West Virginia, these tickets will be good for return trip until Oct. 31st 1893, with privilege of stopover in each direction at all resort points.

From Tampa to Chicago via Fayetteville.

We understand that the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway will soon open a new route for travel via Fayetteville, taking from the Atlantic Coast Line at this place sleepers from Tampa, Florida, and delivering them to the Roanoke and Southern on their way to Louisville and Chicago. This will give the shortest and quickest route between the points mentioned.

LaFayette Military Academy.

At a meeting of the Trustees of the LaFayette Military Academy last week, the final steps were taken preparatory to the opening of the Academy on the 6th of September. In next week's issue we shall have the pleasure of laying before our readers an extended account of the scheme of this school, about whose prospects enough is already known to assure us of its great success.

Storm.

Last Saturday a severe storm of wind and rain passed over this city. There was a heavy fall of hail; the stones weighing on an average about one ounce. Many window panes were broken. All in the Campbellton Mission Church excepting two were shattered or cracked. The storm was not confined to Cross Creek township for, in Flea Hill, where it was most severe, much damage was done to growing crops.

An old citizen called to mind a severe storm in 1839, when hail stones fell weighing eleven ounces, and the fall was considerable, covering the earth entirely.

The Elders and Deacon's Institute.

The Elders and Deacon's Institute for Bible study, under the care of Fayetteville Presbytery, will hold its second annual meeting at Red Springs, from July 28th to August 6th, 1893. Many prominent speakers will be in attendance. Among those invited are Rev. J. B. Shearer, D. D., Rev. Egbert Smith, Rev. Peyton Hoge, D. D., Rev. J. L. Giradeau, D. D., and Rev. Thornton R. Sampson. All the ministers in the Presbytery, and many of the elders and deacons have a place on the programme. The meeting will probably be even a greater success than it was last year.

A Labor of Love—

But, we feel assured, not "love's labor lost:" the work now engaging the energies and talents of several of the accomplished women of Fayetteville (always zealous in a good cause) in behalf of two most laudable objects—charity and the centennial fund of the Independent Light Infantry. With praiseworthy perservance and industry they have brought to their aid the best talent in the community, not disdaining the sweet accents of the little "tot" and forming a grand chorus of the rich voices of the "sweet girl" graduates—and they hope to offer such a programme in the entertainments to be given in the course of the next two or three weeks as will gratify the taste of the most exacting connoissieur.

F. I. L. I.

The Fayetteville Independent Light Infantry returned from Raleigh Tuesday evening where by special invitation of the Ladies' Memorial Society of Raleigh they were given the post of honor in the military escort of Mr. Davis's remains. Major John B. Broadfoot, who carried with him 42 officers and men, was placed in command of all the troops of the escort. A noteworthy feature, by the way, in connection with the Independent Company is the fact that Major Campbell formerly and for years commander of the Company, having resigned that post, now serves from choice as a private in the ranks. Major Campbell is the only veteran of the late war now in active service.

Rev. Jno. C. Huske is in the city.

Rev. Thos. Atkinson.

Rev. Mr. Atkinson, the very able Rector of St. John's (P. E.) Church in this city, is justly spoken of as an eminently proper choice for Coadjutor Bishop of the Diocese of North Carolina.

A correspondent of the Raleigh News and Observer says:

Inasmuch as it has been decided to have a coadjutor or assistant Bishop in the western diocese (Protestant Episcopal) of our State, I take the liberty of suggesting the name of one most suitable and well qualified in all respects for that high and responsible station. Rev. Thos. Atkinson, rector of St. John's parish, Fayetteville, is he to whom reference is made. In the prime of life, physically and intellectually gifted; (the last evidenced by the highest academic degree recognized by the scholastic new world, that of master of arts of the University of Virginia, supplemented by an extended post graduate course at the Johns Hopkins), modest to diffidence, but never compromising in conviction; kindly and genial in social intercourse, but ever zealous in the Master's work; assertive when assertion is meet, yet never needlessly or offensively dogmaticism tenet and practice illustrating a due medium between the two extremes of Church doctrinals and doctrinaries; imbued with high appreciation of the duty and dignity of his calling, and with universal charity towards his fellow men—he stands to-day respected, honored and beloved by those of every shade of religious belief in the community in which his lot has of late years been cast. Thus qualified as all who know him will concede, it would be hard to find one better qualified to enter upon the high apostolic office so worthily filled by his illustrious grand father of the same name. So believing, I, as an humble votary of our blessed church, do submit his name in all fervor and humility to the suffragans delegated to make selection.

To those who know him, it is needless to assert that the above is written without his knowledge or known sanction or consent.

Roll of Honor for the last 14 Days of the Graded School.

Kate H. Broadfoot, Jennie Fisher, Maggie Small, Cameron F. MacRae, Thomas J. Gardner, Lillie Muse, Fannie Dockery, Eugene Maultsby, Eugene Watson, Irene Anders, Jennie Ingram, Nettie Jackson, Robert Atkinson, Charles Rose, Henry Rosenthal, Marion Brandt, Pauline Cole, Clifton Rankin, Howard Steinhelper, Devereoe Pearce, Annie Hollingsworth, Frances MacRae, Clara Rosenthal, Addie Barden, Albert Creal, Bettie Caldar, Maggie Hunt, Retta Lee, Stella Muse, May Kyle, Neill McArthur, Leland Muse, Wm. Owen, John C. Dye, Hiram Cole, Jas. Maultsby, Fred Prior, Claude Rankin, Frances R. Broadfoot, Mamie Fisher. Eliza Prior, Zula Rankin, Emma Johnson, Spencer Currie, Mac Davis, John Hunt, Charles Fry, Albert Humphrey, Haigh Small.

The roll of the third grade, ommitted last month, is Jennie Ingram, Irene Anders, Tibbie Troy, Sallie Brown, Charles Rose, Harry Rosethal, Robt. Atkinson.

Roll of Honor for the year, including all who have been on the roll of Honor for each month of the year: Kate H. Broadfoot, Jennie Fisher, Pauline Cole, Jennie Ingram, Robert Atkinson, Charles Rose, Wm. Owen, John C. Dye, Hiram Cole, Jas. Maultsby, Annie Hollingsworth, Eliza Prior.

Zula Rankin and Frances R. Broadfoot would be on this roll but for three days absence on account of sickness.

Pauline Cole, Shepherd Maultsby, Stebbin Prior and Clifton Rankin, all of the fourth grade have not been absent during the year.

Meeting of the City Council.

The Mayor and Aldermen held their regular meeting in the Town Hall Monday night. The first business taken up was the matter of a tax-lister. After some discussion their former decision was reversed and Mr. D. McD. Grady was elected tax-lister, for which he receives $75 a year.

The question of appointment of more policemen was laid on the table.

Maj. A. A. McKethan offered the following, which was adopted:

Whereas it is important that the recognized debt of the town of Fayetteville be at once adjusted and put in such shape that the interest and principal can be promptly paid, therefore be it

Resolved, That the Mayor and three Aldermen be appointed a committee to make the necessary arrangements to issue bonds for the recognized or compromised debt of the town of Fayetteville, running for twenty years, bearing interest at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum, with a proviso in said bonds that, at anytime after five years, and each five years thereafter, so many of the bonds as the sinking fund will permit may be called in and paid, and in case of such a call the interest shall close on such bonds as may be called after maturity of such call; the bonds to be issued in sums of $100 and $500 each and when issued a full and correct record shall be kept of such bonds issued and kind of bonds given in exchange.

It was further ordered that the Treasurer of the board shall on the last week day of each month prepare a statement of all receipts and disbursements, made by him during said month, being careful to show from what source received and how disbursed.

Also that the clerk of the board shall on the last week of each month prepare a statement of all scrip issued by him during said month, being careful to show for what purpose issued.

The bicycle matter was brought up but was tabled.

A Great Success.

The Baby Show Friday afternoon and the Festival at night were both largely attended, and pronounced by all a splendid success. The booths representing the thirteen original States were beautifully decorated, and the refreshments were served by a number of Fayetteville's loveliest damsels. The prizes for the handsomest girl and boy baby under three years old, were won by Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Pemberton's remarkably beautiful little daughter, and Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Campbell's wonderfully handsome little son.

The net profit from both these entertainments amounted to over an hundred dollars. It all goes to the centennial fund.

People and their Movements.

Mrs. Douglas Smith is the guest of Mrs. Southerland.

Mrs. Horatio Hawthorne is visiting her brother, Mr. Wm. Hawley.

Miss Bessie Robinson, of Smithfield, is visiting Mrs. R. A. Southerland.

Mr. and Mrs. Abel, of Smitnfield, are visiting Mrs. E. Page, Mrs. Abel's mother.

Miss Alice Hawley has returned to the city after a stay of several months at Weldon.

Rev. J. M. Rose has accepted a call to the pastorate of Morganton Presbyterian Church.

Mrs. Morgan (nee Rose) of Greenville, S. C., is now on a visit to her parents on Haymount.

Mrs. J. J. Croswell and family are back at home after a week's visit to friends and relatives in Columbia, S. C.

Misses Mattie Sedberry and Jennie Steinhilper who have been attending college at Greensboro are at home now.

Mr. J. B. Starr, Jr., who has been attending the Episcopal Theological Seminary in New York, returned home last week.

Mr. F. W. Thornton, Jr., and wife have returned home after a bridal trip to New York, Washington and other large cities.

Mrs. A. Garrason has returned home very much improved in health, after a month's stay in Johns Hopkin's Hospital.

Mrs. Jno. Jackson, of Pittsboro, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. J. H. Currie, has returned home accompanied by Mrs. Currie.

Prof. W. N. Yerex, of Grand Rapids, Michigan, has moved here, arriving last Saturday. He will conduct the Business Department of the LaFayette Military Academy. Prof. Yerex is one of the most accomplished educators in America.

A Cumberland County Man Charged With Operating an Illicit Distillery.

The Wil. Star says: A white man named A. D. Fann, of Cumberland county, was arrested yesterday morning in this city by J. W. Millis, deputy U. S. Marshal, on a warrant issued in March last by U. S. Commissioner R. H. Bunting, charging Fann with violation of the internal revenue laws in operating an unlicensed whiskey distillery in the upper portion of Cumberland county. The distillery was seized by the government officers, but Fann made his escape at that time, and has since evaded the offices. He was taken by surprise yesterday when officer Millis accosted him and placed him under arrest, and at first denied that he was the man wanted. Afterwards, however, before the commissioner he acknowledged that he was A. D. Fann. He was required to give bond in the sum of $400 for his appearance before the Commissioner on the 6th of June next, when the case will be investigated, and in default of bond was committed to jail. When searched at the jail a pistol with all its chambers loaded was found upon his person.

The Women of Fayetteville and Mr. Davis.

The shield of immortelles sent to Raleigh by the Ladies' Memorial Association of this city, was accompanied by a card on which was the following inscription, written by our gifted friend Mr. J. H. Myrover:

TO THE MEMORY OF
JEFFERSON DAVIS,
FROM THE
WOMEN OF FAYETTEVILLE.

Patriot, Statesman, Chieftain, Soldier, Sage:
In life thy tongue, thy pen, thy sword,
From all mankind glad homage claimed;

In death 'tis thine a fonder tribute still to gain:
A nation's fervent sorrow and a grateful people's tears.

Guard of thy country's honor, of its rights the shining shield—
In God's peace, brave and constant spirit, rest thee.

Mr. W. M. Monroe, of Greensboro. died in that city Monday morning. He is a native of Bladen County and was a resident of Fayetteville for several years.

Beginning Monday May 22nd, Winburn will make for the first 100 customers one dozen Cabinet Photographs for $2.97. I claim the privilege of withdrawing this proposition after the first 100 persons have had Photographs taken. Get ready and come at once. Also a nice lot of Cabinet Frames very cheap.

Washington Letter.

From Our Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, May 29, 1893.

Why should democratic Senators and Representatives insist upon having republicans retained in office? That is a question that has puzzled the President, the members of the cabinet and the heads of. the important bureaus of the Government, and also at times very much embarrassed them. For instance, a democratic Senator or Representative goes to the head of a department or bureau and asks that a republican chief of a division be asked to resign and one of his constituents, a democrat, be appointed to the place. He is confronted with a letter from a democratic Senator or Representative, sometimes with letters from several of each, insisting and in some instances actually demanding that the republican chief be kept in office. You may imagine the embarrassment that follows. If this practice is kept up some sensational disclosures may be made when Congress meets, by those democrats who believe that positions as importantant as chiefs of divivisions ought to be held by democrats, if democraric ideas of economy and reform are to be thoroughly carried out in the work of the Government in all its branches. They claim that democratic Senators and Representatives have no right to allow personal friendships for republican officials, which is supposed to be the reason for their endorsement, to stand in the way of filling important offices with democrats, to say nothing of the bad effect the retention of these republicans will have on the working democrats who have applied for these places, believing themselves entitled to them. These men make no complaint when a place they are after is given to another, but they do not like to see republicans retained in the places they think ought to be filled by democrats.

Is a man who is able to earn a living at manual labor and who suffers from no wound or disability incurred while in actual service entitled to a pension from the Government? Sec. Hoke Smith has decided by repealing a ruling of the last administration as to the construction that the Pension Office shall put upon the "disability not of service origin" clause of the pension act of 1890, that he is not, and common sense would seem to be on the Secretary's side. In future no man will be granted a pension under that law unless he establishes the fact that he is unable by reason of his disability to earn a support by manual labor. There will, of course, be a concerted howl from the pension sharps over this ruling because it will reduce the pension payments something like $20,000 a year, and their fees in a corresponding ratio; but the tax payers will not object to this saving, particularly when it is made without depriving any old soldier who is unable lo earn a living because of his disability of a pension.

Senator Vorhees, who has just returned from his constituents, says there is no complaint among the democrats of Indiana because of the slowness of President Cleveland in making appointments; that they are perfectly satisfied that he is doing his full duty in a wise and patriotic manner, recognizing the fact that there are other things requiring his attention besides patronage.

Secretary Lamont, Attorney General Olney, and P. M. G. Bissell left Washington on flying visits to their respective homes on Saturday, but they will all be back at their desks early this week.

The trial of Prof. Briggs for heresy, which is now going on before the General Assembly of the Presbyterian church in session here, is attracting the greatest public interest. It seems to be generally believed that he will be found guilty, but there is much doubt as to the punishment the assembly will decide to inflict upon him.

Ambassador Bayard has received his last instructions from Secretary Gresham and he will start from New York next Saturday for London.

Among the new democratic officials who will assume their duties this week are Solicitor General Maxwell, U. S. Treasurer Morgan, and Commissioner of Customs Pugh.

The demand for gold for export has again brought the gold reserve fund several millions below the $100,000,000 line, but Secretary Carlisle is serene and says he sees not the slightest indication of any financial breakers ahead, at least not for the immediate future.

Greensboro Female College.

Special Correspondent.

Greensboro, N, C., May 26. The commencement exercises of this old and honored institution were held here this week.

On Sunday Bishop W. W. Duncan of the M. E. Church, South, delivered the annual sermon in West Market St. Church. It was strong and forcible, couched in purest English, and was highly enjoyed by a large congregation.

On Monday night a reception was given by the graduating class to their friends. Those who attended were charmingly entertained by the young ladies of the Senior class.

Wednesday afternoon a five o'clock tea was given to the alumnæ of the institution, who were highly pleased with their elegant reception. Wednesday evening a public recital was given by the elocution class, the excellent selections being interspersed with instrumental music, well rendered, and the interest further enhanced by fan and dumb-bell drills. The audience crowded all available space and were loud in praise of the entertainment.

Thursday was commencement day proper. A very entertaining programme was rendered. Several excellent numbers of vocal and instrumental music were well rendered. The programme included the reading of the Salutatory by Miss May Bell Chadwick, a French essay by Miss Nannie Lee Smith, the prize essay by Miss Clayton McCrary, the Valedictory by Miss Mattie Louise Sedberry, and the presentation of diplomas by President Dixon, Hon. Lee S. Overman delivered the annual address. It was replete with striking ideas and strong good sense. The prize for the best essay was awarded Miss McCrary. This is given by S. L. Adams of Durham, in memory of his mother. The art prize was won by Miss Caroline Nichols, the medal being given by the Odell Hardware Co. President Dixon was presented with a beautiful gold ring by the members of the graduating class, to whom he made a feeling address.

Thursday evening was the occasion of the annual concert—an entertainment thoroughly appreciated by a large audience.

Thus closed a most successful session and a charming commencement.

The fall term untier the new management with Rev. Dr. F. L. Reid as President, begins Sept. 5th, and the prospects are for a fine attendance.

If you feel weak and all worn out take BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

King Bros., Druggists, recommend Johnson's Magnetic Oil, the great family painkiller, internal and external.

Many Persons are broken down from overwork or household cares. **Brown's Iron Bitters** Rebuilds the system, aids digestion, removes excess of bile, and cures malaria. Get the genuine.

The Ohio Chemical Company publishes in this issue of the "Observer" an Ad. which all slaves to habit should carefully read and consider.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Hood's Cures

Annie L. Arner
Of Augusta, Ky.

More Than Pleased

With Hood's Sarsaparilla—For Tetter and Blood Impurities

Stronger and Better in Every Way.

"I have been more than pleased with Hood's Sarsaparilla. I have suffered with tetter breaking out on my face and all over my body all my life. I never could find anything to do it good until I began to take Hood's Sarsaparilla. I have now used about eight bottles, and Oh, it has done me so much good that I have the utmost faith in it and recommend it to everyone. Besides purifying my blood, it has made me so much stronger and better I do not feel like the same person at all." ANNIE ARNER, Augusta, Ky.

Hood's Pills act easily, yet promptly and efficiently, on the liver and bowels. 25c.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

What is Life Assurance?

An easy means of securing your wife and family against want in the event of your death.

A creditable means of securing a better financial standing in the business world.

The most safe and profitable means of investing your savings for use in after years.

All Life Insurance is good. The

Equitable Life

is the best.

For full particulars, address

W. J. RODDEY, Manager,
FOR THE CAROLINAS, **Rock Hill, S. C.**

The nip of a poisonous snake is but a slight remove from being more dangerous than the poison of Scrofula in the blood. Ayer's Sarsaparilla purifies the vital fluid, expels all poisonous substances, and supplies the elements of life, health, and strength.

Horne's Tested Kerosene Oil

is always reliable. Delivered at private residences within city limits. Sold at lowest market price.

Try Clarade at Horne's Soda Fountain.

E. Nulty of St. Paul, Minn., writes: "Was confined to bed for three weeks, doctors could do me no good; Japanese Pile Cure entirely cured me." Sold by King Bros.

Booth & Barrett Cigar is in

the lead in other cities. Should be here. Sold at

HORNE'S PHARMACY.

King Bros., Druggists, recommend Japanese Liver Pellets for constipation and sick headache. Small, mild, easy to take. 50 pills 25 cents.

At King Bro.'s Soda Fountain, that delicious and refreshing beverage, CCCO COLA is on draught.

At McDuffie's Drug Store you will find the finest line of Cigars, Pipes, &c., in the city.

ATLANTA, Ga., March 18, 1892.

On Wednesday evening one of the heavy iron rods connected with a fan over the soda fountain slipped and fell, striking one of the attendants on the side of the head. At first we thought the trouble would be quite serious, but on examination only a scalp wound of about one and a half inch square was found. The young man's head was freely bathed in Pond's Extract, and the next morning he reported that it was all right. No soreness and no inconvenience. The effect of the Extract was so instantaneous and satisfactory we thought it due you to report this case.

JACOB'S PHARMACY.

McDuffie's New Soda Fountain is in full operation. It is a beauty—new and novel design. You are invited to call.

Captain Sweeney, U. S. A., San Diego, Cal., says: "Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy is the first medicine I have ever found that would do me any good." Price 50c. Sold by A. J. Cook & Co.

At McDuffie's Soda Fountain you can get the finest drinks. A specialty will be made in it this season.

WRITE to Miss S. A. Tillinghast, 425 N Bloodworth Street, Raleigh, N. C., for any information you wish about the ELECTROPOISE She can refer you to many of its friends.

Karl's Clover Root, the new Blood Purifier, gives freshness and clearness to the complexion and cures constipation. 25c., 50c. and $1. Sold by A. J. Cook & Co.

Have you ever tried McDuffie's Chill Cure. It is quick and a positive cure.

Shiloh's Cure, the Great Cough and Croup Cure, is for sale by us. Pocket size contains twenty-five doses, only 25c. Children love it. A. J. Cook & Co.

At King Bro.'s gentlemen buy the finest brands of CIGARS and TOBACCO.

Shiloh's Vitalizer is what you need for Dyspepsia, Torpid Liver, Yellow Skin or Kidney Trouble. It is guaranteed to give you satisfaction. Price 75c. A. J. Cook & Co.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

All For 50c.

Those who have used Dr. King's New Discovery know its value, and those who have not, have now the opportunity to try it Free. Call on the advertised Druggist and get a Trial Bottle, Free. Send your name and address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills Free, as well as a copy of Guide to Health and Household Instructor, Free. All of which is guaranteed to do you good and cost you nothing at B. E. Sedberry & Son's Drugstore.

Good Looks.

Good looks are more than skin deep, depending upon a healthy condition of all the vital organs. If the Liver be inactive you have a Bilious Look, if your stomach be disordered you have a Dyspeptic Look, and if your Kidneys be affected you have a Pinched Look. Secure good health and you will have good looks. Electric Bitters is the great alterative and Tonic; acts directly on these vital organs. Cures Pimples, Blotches, Boils and gives a good complexion. Sold at B. E. Sedberry & Son's Drug Store, 50c. per bottle.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box.

For Sale by B. E. Sedberry, & Son, Fayetteville, N. C.

FOR RENT.

DESIRABLE BRICK DWELLING located corner of Green and Old Streets, containing eight rooms, basement, (brick floor), kitchen, &c., &c Possession given immediately. Apply to

JNO. H. ROBINSON.

5—25—93 3t

HILL'S TOBACCO HABIT EASILY CURED.

READ OUR TESTIMONIALS

Double Chloride of Gold Tablets

Will completely destroy the desire for TOBACCO in from 3 to 5 days. Perfectly harmless; cause no sickness, and may be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the patient, who will voluntarily stop smoking or chewing in a few days.

DRUNKENNESS and MORPHINE HABIT can be cured at home, and without effort on the part of the patient, by the use of our SPECIAL FORMULA GOLD CURE TABLETS.

During treatment patients are allowed the free use of Liquor or Morphine until such time as they shall voluntarily give them up.

We send particulars and pamphlet of testimonials free, and shall be glad to place sufferers from any of these habits in communication with persons who have been cured by the use of our TABLETS.

HILL'S TABLETS are for sale by all FIRST-CLASS druggists at $1.00 per package.

If your druggist does not keep them, enclose us $1.00 and we will send you, by return mail, a package of our Tablets.

Write your name and address plainly, and state whether Tablets are for Tobacco, Morphine or Liquor Habit.

DO NOT BE DECEIVED into purchasing any of the various nostrums that are being offered for sale. Ask for **HILL'S TABLETS** and take no other.

Manufactured only by

—THE—
OHIO CHEMICAL CO.,
51, 53 & 55 Opera Block,
LIMA, OHIO.

PARTICULARS FREE.

A FEW Testimonials from persons who have been cured by the use of Hill's Tablets.

THE OHIO CHEMICAL CO.:
DEAR SIR:—I have been using your cure for tobacco habit, and found it would do what you claim for it. I used ten cents worth of the strongest chewing tobacco a day, and from one to five cigars; or I would smoke from ten to forty pipes of tobacco. Have chewed and smoked for twenty-five years, and two packages of your Tablets cured me so I have no desire for it.
B. M. JAYLORD, Leslie, Mich.

DOBBS FERRY, N. Y.
THE OHIO CHEMICAL CO.:—GENTLEMEN:—Some time ago I sent for $1.00 worth of your Tablets for Tobacco Habit. I received them all right and, although I was both a heavy smoker and chewer, they did the work in less than three days. I am cured.
Truly yours, MATHEW JOHNSON, P. O. Box 45.

PITTSBURGH, PA.
THE OHIO CHEMICAL CO.:—GENTLEMEN:—It gives me pleasure to speak a word of praise for your Tablets. My son was strongly addicted to the use of liquor, and through a friend, I was led to try your Tablets. He was a heavy and constant drinker, but after using your Tablets but three days he quit drinking, and will not touch liquor of any kind. I have waited four month before writing you, in order to know the cure was permanent. Yours truly,
MRS. HELEN MORRISON.

CINCINNATI, OHIO.
THE OHIO CHEMICAL CO:—GENTLEMEN:—Your Tablets have performed a miracle in my case. I have used morphine, hypodermically, for seven years, and have been cured by the use of two packages of your Tablets, and without any effort on my part.
W. L. LOTEGAY.

Address all Orders to
RESPONSIBLE AGENTS WANTED
THE OHIO CHEMICAL CO.,
51, 53 and 55 Opera Block. LIMA, OHIO.
(In writing please mention this paper.)

The Metropolitan One Price Racket Store.

The people are fast learning our popular prices, and are pleased with our modern method of doing business—the only true method—namely: Quick sales and short profits, one price to all for the cash down. To those who may think popularity in price inconsistent with quality, we invite inspection. It will not cost you any thing to look, and we are always pleased to show goods. We are receiving goods nearly every day from our mammoth establishment in New York, which enables us to make these offerings that cannot be matched by any house in Fayetteville. But here are our figures—they speak more eloquently than words. Note them carefully. Come and see us and judge for yourselves.

DRESS GOODS.

We call special attention to our line of Colored Satteens. They are superior in textural finish and beauty of design, made to sell for 25c. per yard—our price 19c.; Brocaded Satteens in black satin stripes or raised figures, beautiful finish at 25c.; also solid black Satteen, henrietta or cashmere finish—always seasonable—worth all of 30c. per yard, our price 25c.; other Satteens at 12½.

We quote Wool Challie, solid and figured at 15c.; Silk Finish Foulards at 12, Princess Lawn at 10, Satin Stripe Figured Lawn at 12; Light Blue Mulls at 16 and 20c.

Just received a beautiful line of Black Organdies at 20 and 25; also Satin Stripe Organdies at 23; White Lawn Lace Stripe at 12½; Plain White Victoria Lawn of superior quality at 15c.; Pique at 20.

India Linen, at 9, 10, 12½, 15 and 17c.; Dotted Swiss at 25 and 32c.; Cross Bar Muslin at 12, 12½ and 15c.

We are offering a beautiful line of Dress Ginghams, latest styles at 8, worth 10c.; French Chambrays in pink and blue, soft finish, 33 inches, at 15; extra good value, worth fully 20c.

Illuminated Chameleans Brocades 36 inches at 19 and 24; beautiful line Bedford Cords in five different shades at 10c.

The want of space forbids our going through the whole list in detail, but we call your attention to the fact that our numerous departments, namely: Shoes, Hats, Gents' Furnishing, Hosiery, Notions, Linen, Stationery, Millinery and Tinware, are filled with bargains. Just take a look at these figures and bear them in mind the next time you go shopping. Fifty good white Envelopes for 5c.; Note Paper 4c. a quire; Lead Pencils 2, 3, 5 and 10c. a doz.; Needles 1c. a paper; Pins 1c. a paper; best Brass Pins 3c. a paper; good Steel Pens 3c. a doz.; Men's and Boy's Suspenders 10, 15, 20. 25, 30 and 40c. a pair; Ladies' and Gentlemen's Handkerchiefs at 5, 7, 10, 15 and 25c. Some beautiful Chiffon Handkerchiefs at 20; sold everywhere for 35 and 40c., Linen Towels from 5 to 15c. each; Napkins 35 to 75c. dos.; Crash 5 to 15c. per yard; some extra values in Turkish Bath Towels—very large at 18 and 25c. each; beautiful Tidies at 10 and 15c. each; Curtain Net 10 to 15c. per yard; Scrim 5c. per yard; Buggy Robes at 40c. to $1.25 each; Hosiery at all prices—5 to 50c. per pair. The latest thing in Hats, the "Sedora" or creased top soft fur hat. We have them in black, pearl and tan colors—regular $2.00 goods—our price $1.05, $1.30 and $1.45. You should see these hats to appreciate them at the price quoted. Our figured embroidered puff bosom Shirts are now all the rage, and are going fast at 90c.—a regular $1.25 shirt; Ladies' Vests from 8 to 20c.; Men's Gauze Shirts 18 to 35c. each Don't forget to look through our Tinware department. We have many things there that will interest you—especially when you learn the prices. Ask for our patent covered roasting pans. No housekeeper should be without one. They have been sold here at $1.25. Our price 75 and 95c. They are great. We are still offering Straw Matting at $5.30, $6.30, $7.75 and $8.90 per roll of 40 yards.

G. W. BOWEN,
23 HAY STREET,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
5—18—93

NOTICE.

I return my thanks to my friends and customers for their liberal patronage. After an illness and confinement of three months my health is now restored so that I am enabled to resume business as heretofore.

REPAIRING AND NEW WORK

in the best of materials in my line.
Respectfully,
THOMAS GILL,
Up stairs in McDaniel building.
5—18—93 tf

ANNOUNCEMENT!

HAVING ACCEPTED THE STATE AGENCY FOR THE OLD AND RELIALE TOBACCO FACTORS OF

J. W. WEST & CO.,

I AM NOW PREPARED TO SHOW THE TRADE OF FAYETTEVILLE A FULL LINE OF

TOBACCO,

—IN—

Navy, Plugs and Twist,

IN WHICH I DEFY COMPETITION EITHER AS TO PRICE BEAUTY OR QUALITY.

Respectfully,
J. B. UNDERWOOD, Jr.,
Merchandise Broker,
No. 2, Thornton Block.
5—11—93 tf

FRANK W. THORNTON

takes this opportunity of announcing that he has associated with him in the general conduct of his

DRY GOODS

—AND—

CLOTHING BUSINESS

—HIS SON—

FRANK W. THORNTON, JR.,

and that the name and style of the new firm will be

FRANK W. THORNTON & SON.

The new firm respectfully solicits a liberal share of the patronage of the public.

Frank W. Thornton & Son especially invite an inspection of their large and beautiful stock of

Spring and Summer Goods.

Upon their counters is displayed all the latest novelties in

WOOL AND COTTON DRESS GOODS,

in the nicest desirable shades and the most exquisite tints.

They also show a line of

WHITE GOODS,

which for beauty and variety is simply unsurpassed.

Their line of

Laces and Embroideries

is exceedingly attractive and cannot fail to catch the eye of those who admire the useful and the beautiful.

It is the intention of the new firm to sustain the reputation of the old one for fair and honorable dealing, and to keep up their stock in every department, so that it may be truthfully said of it too: "What you can't find at Frank Thornton & Son's can't be found in the State."

Of the old stock remaining unsold bargains will still be given, and special attractions will be offered from time to time during the summer.

Frank Thornton & Son intend making the

SAMPLE DEPARTMENT

a special feature of their business. This department will be in very competent hands, and all orders for samples will receive prompt and careful attention. On all orders amounting to $5.00 or more accompanied by the cash, the goods will be delivered *free*.

Frank W. Thornton & Son guarantee to give you better value for your money than you can obtain elsewhere, and to verify the truth of this statement they ask you to call and examine their stock and prices.

FRANK W. THORNTON & SON.
Fayetteville, N. C., May 8, 1893. 3t

WOOD'S PHOSPHODINE,
The Great English Remedy.

Before and After.

Promptly and permanently cures all forms of Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, and all effects of Abuse or Excesses. Been prescribed over 30 Years in thousands of cases; is the only Reliable and Honest Medicine known. Ask druggist for Wood's Phosphodine, If he offers some worthless medicine in place of this, leave his dishonest store, inclose price in letter, and we will send by return mail. Price, one package, $1; six, $5. One will please, six will cure. Pamphlet in plain sealed envelope, 2 stamps. Address THE WOOD CHEMICAL CO., 131 Woodward avenue, Detroit, Mich.

Sold in Sparta and everywhere by all responsible Druggists.

H. H. H.

STOVES.

We offer the balance of our stock of HEATING STOVES at cost.
Call early while the offer is open.

Mowers and Reapers.

We are the agents for the Walter A. Wood Mowing and Reaping Machines. These machines have a world-wide reputation. We will gladly furnish circulars and information to parties interested.

You can get anything you need to build a house with from us.

BUY YOUR CLIPPER PLOW CASTINGS FROM US—WE ARE THE AGENTS.

You will thereby secure the genuine castings, warranted to fit.

LET US HEAR FROM YOU.

HUSKE HARDWARE HOUSE.
3—16—93—tf

Try McDuffie's New Perfumes —a variety, and his own make. They are very fine.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Blaine's Handy Manuel of Useful Information.

There has just been published in Chicago a most valuable book with above title, compiled by Prof. Wm. H. Blaine, of Lancaster University. Its 500 pages are full of just what its name implies—useful information—and we fully advise all our readers to send for a copy of it. It is a compendium of things worth knowing, things difficult to remember, and tables of reference of great value to everybody, that it has never before been our good fortune to possess in such compact shape. Our wonder is how it can be published at so low a price as is asked for it. It is handsomely bound in flexible cloth covers, and will be sent to any address, postpaid, on receipt of 25 cents in postage stamps, by the publishers.

G. W. OGILVIE & CO.,
276 & 278 Franklin St.,
6—1—93 1t Chicago, Ill.

KING BROS.,
Druggists and Pharmacist,
—Hotel LaFayette Building.—

Encouraged by the patronage extended, we we have engaged the services of

MR. ALLEN LEE,

who can be found at our store any hour of the night, and will attend to calls for

MEDICINES, &c.

With every facility and latest and most approved remedies, we shall endeavor to merit and deserve the confidence of the public.
4—13—93 tf

To Builders and Others.

Finished Flooring, Beaded or Plain Ceiling, Plained Posts, Rails and Palings any length. All the latest patterns of Mouldings furnished on short notice at lowest prices.

ALL KINDS OF BUILDERS' HARDWARE.

Estimates given Address — Orders solicited from abroad
WALTER WATSON,
Fayetteville, N. C.

BIBLE TRUTH.

Rightly Dividing the Word of Truth (2 Tim., 11: 15); Ten Outline Studies of the More Important Divisions of Scripture; The Jew, the Gentile and the Church of God; The Seven Dispensations; The Two Advents; The Two Resurrections; The Five Judgments; Law and Grace; The Believer's Two Natures; The Believers Standing and State; Salvation and Rewards; Believers and Priests, by C. I. Scofield of the Southwestern School of the Bible, Dallas, Texas. A plain and very simple help to the study of the Bible. Cloth, 25c.; Paper Cover, 15c.

Behold He Cometh, by Luther Rees, of Paris, Texas, Paper Cover, 10c.; and other Tracts on the Coming of the Lord, by a number of Bible students.

Gospel Tracts for the Unsaved, including the Dying Drummer Boy. Small $1.00 per 100; large 5c each.

A variety of Gospel Tracts at 10, 15, 20 and 30c. per 100.

Many of the Lord's people first learned that Christ died for the ungodly and were saved through Gospel tracts. Orders for the above solicited W. S. PRIOR,
5—18—93 Fayetteville, N. C.

NOTICE.

I WOULD RESP

"For Years,"

Says CARRIE E. STOCKWELL, of Chesterfield, N. H., "I was afflicted with an extremely severe pain in the lower part of the chest. The feeling was as if a ton weight was laid on a spot the size of my hand. During the attacks, the perspiration would stand in drops on my face, and it was agony for me to make sufficient effort even to whisper. They came suddenly, at any hour of the day or night, lasting from thirty minutes to half a day, leaving as suddenly; but, for several days after, I was quite prostrated and sore. Sometimes the attacks were almost daily, then less frequent. After about four years of this suffering, I was taken down with bilious typhoid fever, and when I began to recover, I had the worst attack of my old trouble I ever experienced. At the first of the fever, my mother gave me Ayer's Pills, my doctor recommending them as being better than anything he could prepare. I continued taking these Pills, and so great was the benefit derived that during nearly thirty years I have had but one attack of my former trouble, which yielded readily to the same remedy."

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Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

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3—9—93 tf

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-BEFORE - AFTER-

is sold with written guarantee to cure Nervous Prostration, Fits, Dizziness, Headache and Neuralgia and Wakefulness, caused by excessive use of Opium, Tobacco and Alcohol; Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain, causing Misery, Insanity and Death; Barrenness, Impotency, Lost Power in either sex, Premature Old Age, Involuntary Losses, caused by over-indulgence, over-exertion of the Brain and Errors of Youth. It gives to Weak Organs their Natural Vigor and doubles the joys of life; cures Leucorrhœa and Female Weakness. A month's treatment, in plain package, by mail, to any address, $1 per box, 6 boxes $5. With every $5 order we give a Written Guarantee to cure or refund the money. Circulars free. Guarantee issued only by our exclusive agent.

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The Consumptive and Feeble and all who suffer from exhausting diseases should use Parker's Ginger Tonic. It cures the worst Cough, Weak Lungs, Debility, Indigestion, Female Weakness, Rheumatism and Pain. 50c. & $1.

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inside, outside, and all the way through, by drinking

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This great Temperance drink; is as healthful as it is pleasant. Try it.

6—1—93 4t

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WEAKNESS, NERVOUSNESS, DEBILITY,

and all the train of evils from early errors or later excesses, the results of overwork, sickness, worry, etc. Full strength, development and tone given to every organ and portion of the body. Simple, natural methods. Immediate improvement seen. Failure impossible. 2,000 references. Book, explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) free.

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A Story Told by a Virginia Lawyer a Good Many Years Ago.

New York Sun.

In the early years of this century Philip Doddridge was the leading lawyer in Northwestern Virginia, now a portion of West Virginia. Doddridge county was named for him. He resided in Wellsburg, on the Ohio river, but his practice extended well into Pennsylvania and Ohio, and he afterward represented his district in Congress.

On one occasion Mr. Doddridge was called to Washington to defend a man accused of horse-stealing. It was a clear case. The principal witness was an accomplice, who turned State's evidence, but his testimony was amply corroborated by that of other people. Mr. Doddridge was not expected to make a very forcible address, and he did not try to. He talked in a desultory manner to the jury for fifteen or twenty minutes, and then added:

"I have very little more to say, but with the permission of the Court I will relate an incident which seems to me to bear on this case. In older portions of this State it is the custom now, as it was some years ago, for the judges to travel over their circuits and hold court. With the judges went the lawyers. In a certain district I have in mind the Nestor of the bar was a precise gentleman of the old school, who wore ruffled shirt fronts and cuffs, and prided himself on his invariable attendance upon divine service at the town in which court was being held. He insisted on a similar attendance on the part of the other lawyers, and made it a business to see that they went with him in a body. One Sunday morning they found themselves at a town with no church except one belonging to the Methodists, and although this Nestor was an Episcopalian, he notified the young attorneys that they would be expected to go to church as usual. They were late in getting ready, and when the dignified old lawyer appeared in church and marched up the middle aisle, followed by all the lawyers in the district, the minister was well in his sermon. He stopped in his discourse, however, gazed at the leader of the file a second, and then said:

"My friend, if you had not stopped to primp and to arrange those ruffles so carefully you could have got to church in time. As it is you come at this late hour and disturb the worshippers by your entrance. I give you warning now, the preacher added solemnly, raising his finger to make the words more impressive, 'that at the judgment day I shall appear to testify against you.'

"The old lawyer had stopped when the minister began to address him, and stood waiting in the aisle. When the preacher was through the lawyer said:

"'Sir, I have been practicing at the bar for forty years, and that much experience has shown me that the greatest rogue always turns State's evidence.'"

At this point Mr. Doddridge left the case with the jury. The entire court room was convulsed with laughter, and it was sometime before order was restored. Then the jury announced a verdict of not guilty, and Doddridge's client was released.

Two New Professions.

Buffalo Commercial.

There are two new professions which have lately been developed and are now being written about. One is the "glorifier" and the other is the "cutter out." The glorifier is a man employed by rich but stupid persons to make them out devils of fellows, don't you know. He frequents the places where men congregate, goes into society and knows all the best people. Then he tells stories about the witty things his friend Smith says and relates instances of his courage or shrewdness or anything else. Smith's friends get to look on Smith as a remarkable man. Smith becomes popular and is made a lion. Smith pays the glorifier good money for his part in the transaction and ever afterwards poses as a great man.

The cutter out can be of either sex. There is a rich family that has a son or daughter, as the case may be, who is infatuated with somebody against whom the parents have a prejudice. Perhaps the object of the infatuation is beneath the son or daughter in rank or isn't just good or something else. The parents go to the cutter out and give him or her the proper instructions. The cutter out goes to work and facinates the objectionable object of adoration. The son or daughter is thrown over, and the cutter out gets a fat fee.

It isn't everybody who would make a good glorifier or a good cutter out, but these are vast possibilities for persons who have the requisite qualities of mind and, body and the necessary belittled opinion of themselves that will permit them to do the work.

The Story of a Painter.

Harry Quilter's "Preferencer."

Rossetti was both romantic and shrewd, and among Yankee speculators there are few keener men of business than was this childlike genius. Yet he treated the purchasers of his pictures with scant courtesy. George Rae, a banker and a fine judge of art, had bought several of them, but he objected to the price Rossetti had set on "The Bride." A few days after he returned, and Rossetti greeted him sarcastically.

"What do you want for your picture?" asked Rae.

"Three hundred guineas."

"Why you offered it to me for 250!"

"I really don't remember," was the lordly reply, "perhaps I did. But why didn't you take it? Well, you may have it for £300. If the odd shillings are of any use to you, Rae, you're welcome to them!"

A Romance.

She was fair—and my passion begun!
She smiled—and I could not but love!
But when from afar I detected *catarrh*,
No beauty my passion could move!

In despair she sought doctors in vain,
Till she learned of "Humanity's boon;"
Now her breath is as sweet as the dew
Which falls upon roses in June.

To-night, as we sit in our home,
And I kiss her sweet lips o'er and o'er,
We bless Dr. Sage in our bliss,
For the joy that he brought to our door.

There is no disease more trying to friend ship than catarrh! The constant effort to clear the throat and nose, the foul breath, all the features of the disease, make it as much dreaded by the friend as by the victim. Humanity has cause to bless Dr. Sage for his "Catarrh Remedy." The manufacturers offer to forfeit $500 for any case they cannot cure.

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Have used and recommended it to my friends. All derived great benefit from its use.

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Book "To Woman" mailed free.

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Administrator's Notice.

Having this day qualified as administrator of the estate of Margaret A. Patterson, deceased, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and to all persons having claims against said estate to present them for payment on or before the 2 th day of April, 1894, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. This the 13th day of April, 1893.

ED. R. McKETHAN,
4—20—93 6t Public Administrator.

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FASHIONABLE MERCHANT TAILOR,
Overbaugh House, Green Street.
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CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

In Effect May 7th, 1893.

NORTH BOUND.	No. 2, Daily, Except Sunday.
Leave Wilmington,	5:00 a. m.
Arrive Fayetteville,	8:02 "
Leave Fayetteville,	8:12 "
Arrive Sanford,	9:30 "
Leave Sanford,	9:50 "
Leave Climax,	11:44 "
Arrive Greensboro,	12.15 p. m.
Leave Greensboro,	12:25 "
Leave Stokesdale,	1:22 "
Arrive N & W Jun.—Walnut Cove,	1:55 "
Leave N & W Jun—Walnut Cove,	2:33 "
Leave Rural Hall,	3:02 "
Arrive Mt. Airy,	4:25 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 1, Daily, Except Sunday.
Leave Mt. Airy,	12:00 noon.
Leave Rural Hall,	1:22 p. m.
Arrive N & W Jun—Walnut Cove,	1:52 "
Leave N & W Jun—Walnut Cove,	2:30 "
Leave Stokesdale,	2:57 "
Arrive Greensboro,	3:40 "
Leave Greensboro,	3:45 "
Leave Climax,	4:13 "
Leave Sanford,	6:00 "
Arrive Fayetteville,	7:20 "
Leave Fayetteville,	7:46 "
Arrive Wilmington,	11:06 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 4, Daily, Except Sunday.
Leave Bennettsville,	5:40 a. m.
Leave Maxton,	6:30 "
Leave Red Springs,	7:02 "
Leave Hope Mills,	7:43 "
Arrive Fayetteville,	8:02 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 3, Daily, Except Sunday.
Leave Fayetteville,	7:47 p. m.
Leave Hope Mills,	8:05 "
Leave Red Springs,	8:49 "
Leave Maxton,	9:20 "
Arrive Bennettsville,	10:15 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16, Mixed, Daily Except Sunday.
Leave Ramseur,	6:25 a. m.
Leave Climax,	8:15 "
Arrive Greensboro,	9:00 "
Leave Greensboro,	9:20 "
Leave Stokesdale,	10:35 "
Arrive Madison,	11:25 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15, Mixed, Daily Except Sunday.
Leave Madison,	12:25 p. m.
Leave Stokesdale,	1:25 "
Arrive Greensboro,	2:35 "
Leave Greensboro,	3:00 p. m.
Leave Climax,	4:15 "
Arrive Ramseur,	5:55 "

Train No. 2 connects at Sanford with Seaboard Air Line for Raleigh, Norfolk and all points North and East, and at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western R. R. for Winston-Salem, Roanoke and all points north and west of Roanoke.

Train No. 1 connects at Walnut Cove with Norfolk & Western R. R. for Winston-Salem, Roanoke and all points North and West of Roanoke, and at Sanford with Seaboard Air-Line for Monroe, Charlotte, Athens, Atlanta and all points south and southwest.

Pullman Palace Sleeping Car on Seaboard Air-Line trains North and South from Sanford and on Norfolk & Western trains North and West from Roanoke.

Passengers from Wilmington, Fayetteville, Maxton, Bennettsville and all points south of Sanford will arrive at Raleigh at 11:15 A. M., and have five hours in Raleigh and reach home same day.

Ample time is given passengers for breakfast at Sanford, dinner at Walnut Cove, and supper at Fayetteville.

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General Passenger Agent.
J. W FRY, General Manager.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.

AND BRANCHES

AND FLORENCE RAILROAD

Condensed Schedule.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

DATED May 28th, 1893.	No. 23 Daily.	No. 27. Daily.	No. 41. Daily Ex. Sunday.	No. 95. Daily Ex. Sunday.
	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	
Leave Weldon..	12 35	5 04	6 15	
Ar. Rocky Mount	1 42	6 01	7 20	
Arrive Tarboro..	2 35			P. M.
Leave Tarboro..	12 54			
Lv Rocky Mount	1 42	6 01	7 20	
Leave Wilson..	2 30	6 38	7 58	2 40
Leave Selma				3 30
Lv. Fayetteville		8 34		5 15
Arrive Florence.	10 25	10 40		8 30

	No. 67 Daily.			
	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.
Leave Wilson...	2 30	6 48	7 58	
Leave Goldboro.	3 20	7 35	8 43	
Leave Magnolia.	4 30	8 42	9 55	
Ar. Wilmington.	6 00	10 15	11 35	
	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

DATED May 28th, 1893.	No. 78. Daily.	No. 14. Daily.	No. 40. Daily Ex. Sunday.	No. 56. Daily Ex. Sunday.
	A. M.	P. M.		A. M.
Leave Florence	5 10	7 30		6 30
Lv. Fayetteville		9 34		9 50
Leave Selma				11 49
Arrive Wilson..		11 30		12 50

	No. 48 Daily.			
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Lv. Wilmington.	9 30	7 45	4 00	
Leave Magnolia	11 10	9 16	5 37	
Leave Goldsboro	12 25	10 17	6 50	
Arrive Wilson..	1 10	11 00	7 42	

	No. 14 Daily.			
	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Leave Wilson...	1 10	11 30	7 42	
Ar Rocky Mount	2 00	12 08	8 30	
Arrive Tarboro.	2 35			
Leave Tarboro..	12 54			
Lv Rocky Mount	2 00	12 08	8 30	
Arrive Weldon...	3 07	1 00	9 40	
	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3:40 P M, Halifax 4:00 P M, arrive Scotland Neck at 4:48 P M. Greenville 6:28 P M., Kinston 7:30 P M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7:20 A M, Greenville 8:22 A M. Arriving Halifax at 11:00 A M. Weldon 11:20 A M, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7:00 A. M., arrives Parmele 8:40 A. M., Tarboro 9:50; returning leaves Tarboro 4:40 P. M., Parmele 6:00 P. M., arrives Washington 7:30 P. M. Daily except Sunday. Connects with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N C, via Albemarle & Raleigh R R Daily except Sunday, 5:00 P M, Sunday 3:00 P M; arrives Plymouth 9:20 P M, 5:20 P M. Returning leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 5:30 A M, Sunday 10:00 A M, arrive Tarboro 10:25 A M, and 12:20 P M.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro daily except Sunday, 6:00 A M, arriving Smithfield 7:30 A M. Returning, leaves Smithfield 8:00 A. M; arrive Goldsboro 9:30 A M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 6:15 P M, arrives Nashville 6:50 P M, Spring Hope 7:15 P M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8:00 A M, Nashville 8:35 A M, arrive Rocky Mount 9:15 A M, daily, except Sunday.

Trains on Latta Branch Florence R R leave Latta 7:3 P M; arrive Dunbar 8:40 P M. Returning leave Dunbar 6:00 A M; arrive Latta 7:15 A M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, Daily, except Sunday, at 6:00 P M and 11:30 A M. Returning, leaves Clinton at 8:20 A M and 1:00 P M, connecting at Warsaw with Nos 41, 40, 23 and 78.

Train No 78 makes close connection at Weldon for all points North daily, all rail via Richmond, and daily except Sunday via Portsmouth and Bay Line. Also at Rocky Mount with Norfolk and Carolina Railroad for Norfolk daily and all points north via Norfolk daily except Sunday.

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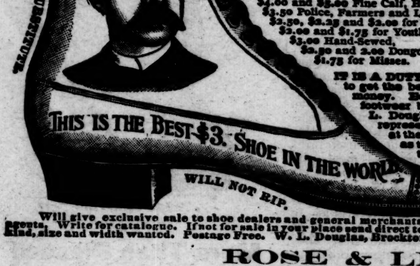

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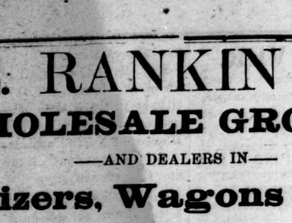

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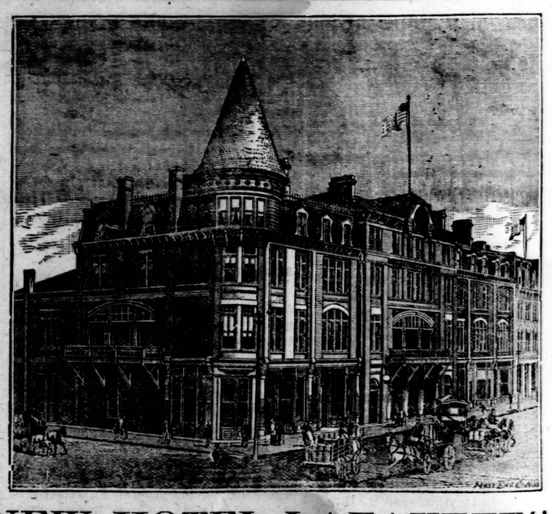

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